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VOL. XXXXV. OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA, TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 8, 1898. NO. 55

AMERICAN SCHOONER ESTHER CAPTURED NEAR HAVANA BY ONE OF SPAIN'S BIG GUNBOATS.

HAVANA, March 8.—The Spanish gunboat Ardilla has captured in an inlet near Casilda, on the south coast of Cuba, the American schooner Esther, of Edenton, N. C., bound from Pensacola to Jamaica.

The captain of the schooner was asked to give the reason for the presence of his vessel in the inlet, and claimed that his rudder was broken.

No further details of the affair have been received, but if the statement of the captain of the Esther turns out to be correct the schooner will be liberated.

The captain has protested against the seizure of his vessel. The Esther is of 1131 tons gross register.

The Hostile Feeling Between This Country and Spain Has Now Become So Marked That War May Be Declared at Any Moment.

Congress Will Have $50,000,000 at Uncle Sam's Disposal for National Defenses, While the Spanish Treasury Is Not Only Depleted but the Credit of the Country Is Said to Be Utterly Exhausted.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

LONDON, March 8.—The English newspapers today confirm the news of Spain's purchase of warships. The St. James Gazette, which yesterday published the denials of the Spanish embassy and the Spanish Naval Commission, which has an office in London, says today:

"It is ascertained on very high authority, in spite of the denials, that the Spanish government has almost succeeded in buying three nearly completed cruisers here and two coast defense vessels, which are about to be launched in France. Experts are almost as much surprised at the success of Madrid in raising money as by the clever diplomacy which secured the Chilean and Brazilian cruisers from the Armstrongs at a cost believed to be a million pounds sterling, almost before the move was suspected."

The article goes on to say that such competition between Spain and the United States for these various ships was expected, but America has come to the conclusion that its naval resources are strong enough to confront Spain and is playing a waiting game."

Continuing, the St. James Gazette says: "An American naval authority now in this country takes a cynical view of the six torpedo boats building for Spain here and of three already delivered which might just as well be paid for by Spain in the first instance and make valuable additions to the United States navy later."

The paper also points out that the earliest time in which the Chilean cruiser, which cost $2,000,000 can be finished is three months, adding that the other vessels purchased will take longer to finish, so that in the event of war, "which will come soon if at all," the ships will be useless, as international law will prevent their delivery.

In conclusion, the St. James Gazette remarks: "A feature of the warship market at present is the small number of vessels available. Three cruisers and two coast defense vessels is the best Great Britain and France can do. It is true these are not the only warships building, but the other, twelve Japanese and two Chinese cruisers and eight torpedo boat destroyers for Japan, are so keenly and immediately desired by their respective governments that no price would buy them."

It is said that even if the Amazona should sail from here with a Brazilian crew, she will turn up in Cuban waters with a Spanish crew. The affair, naturally, has been kept as secret as possible. The introduction yesterday in Congress of a bill appropriating $50,000,000 has excited the utmost interest among English dealers in war munitions.

Hiram Maxim of rapid fire gun fame said significantly that if the United States intended to make purchases in England she should have begun a week ago. He also admitted that Spain had placed large orders within a week, but he declined to say whether orders had been placed with his firm. It is known, however, that if the United States needs eight inch guns and powder she could secure a full stock at a fortnight's notice.

Norwegian papers just received reveal the fact that three United States naval attachos, Lieutenant John C. Colwell of the London Embassy, Lieutenant William Emmons, who is accredited to St. Petersburg and Paris, and Lieutenant P. Niblack, who is attached to the German Embassy and also accredited to Vienna and Rome, were present at the Elswick submerged torpedo tube trials in Norway February 23d. Much importance is attached to this invention, with which the Norwegian ship Harald Raarfargre is fitted. The trials were pronounced most successful. Whitehead torpedoes were fired through the tubes at 9, 12 and 15 knots speed with remarkable accuracy.

MILLIONS FOR WAR SHIPS.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

WASHINGTON, Mar. 8.—The Appropriations Committee of the House, at a meeting this morning, unanimously agreed to report favorably the bill to appropriate $50,000,000 for the national defense. There was practically no discussion in the committee.

The members had informally discussed the bill yesterday afternoon, and it met with the approval of them all. As the bill was to be called up immediately after the House met today, Mr. Sayers of Texas, the ranking minority member of the committee, was more solicitous about making a satisfactory arrangement for the conduct of the debate than anything else. He protested against the introduction of a special rule as liable to place the Democrats in a false attitude, and asked, he said, only a reasonable time to allow the Democrats to define their position. He submitted a proposition which included a provision for a general debate of three hours, one and a half hours on a side, and one hour for debate under the five minute rule.

Chairman Cannon of the Appropriations Committee conferred with the Speaker after the committee adjourned relative to the proposition submitted by Mr. Sayers.

The bill will be reported as a deficiency bill, and will include, in addition to the $50,000,000 for the national defense the following items: For printing, $65,000; bureau of medicine and surgery, naval establishment, $10,000; bureau of equipment, naval establishment, $100,000; bureau of ordnance, naval establishment, $7,000. Total, $50,183,000.

Mr. Cannon in his opening speech will argue that it is a peace measure.

THE SENATE ALSO.

WASHINGTON, Mar. 8.—The Senate today considered the District of Columbia appropriation bill.

A meeting of the Senate Committee on Appropriations made it clear that the Cannon $50,000,000 national defense bill will be reported promptly and probably unanimously.

SPAIN HOPES FOR PEACE.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

MADRID, March 8.—A semi-official news agency of this city issued today the following announcement: "After a brief uneasiness there is a general belief now that peace will not be broken and that the relations between Spain and the United States will continue amicable.

"Political personages assert that the late sensational dispatches are completely wrong in attributing an aggressive tone to the diplomatic relations between the two goverments which have not for a single moment lost their friendly character."

TURNING OUT BIG GUNS.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

WASHINGTON, March 8. — The Washington Navy Yard where a large establishment is maintained by the Government for the manufacture of guns and ordnance material, has started work in three shifts and are now working there night and day on big guns.

THE WRECK IS GUARDED.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

HAVANA, March 8.—The United States Naval Court of Inquiry into the loss of the battleship Maine which is at present in session here pursued, in some respects, a different course from that adopted upon the occasion of the former visit of the Court to Havana. It is now not uncommon to see members of the Court on the wreck personally directing the Navy divers and obtaining from them direct reports on the structural condition of the submerged portions of the wreck and making individual notes for future consideration.

All sorts of excuses are made to get on board the wreck, but only authorized persons, Americans or Spanish are allowed to set foot on the remains of the battleship.

TORPEDO BOATS NOT TO SAIL.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

LONDON, March 8.—A letter received today from Madrid says the Spanish torpedo squadron at Cadiz will not sail for Cuba, "owing to information received from the United States and Captain-General Blanco."

The Pais, in confirming the statement that the departure of the torpedo squadron has been indefinitely postponed, says: "It would not be surprising were the event closely connected with the recent visits of General Woodford to Senor Gullon and Senor Sagasta."

In conclusion the Pais remarks: "Every one may be assured that the squadron will neither sail now or at any time in the future."

MONTGOMERY FOR HAVANA.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

KEY WEST, Mar. 8.—Orders have been issued to the United States steamship Montgomery, which has finished coaling, to sail at 5 o'clock this afternoon. Commander Converse was ashore during the day and had a long conversation with Rear Admiral Sicard.

MEN EAGER TO ENLIST.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

NEW YORK, Mar. 8.—The Evening World says: "It was learned to-day that orders had been received at the Navy Yard from Washington to prepare two detachments of marines, one for the cruiser Columbia and one for the Minneapolis.

"There are between two hundred and four hundred marines at the barracks. The two detachments are making up and will be ready to start as soon as the order comes from Washington.

"There was a big rush of men eager to enlist at the Navy Yard to-day. Before the gates were thrown open a crowd of men had gathered around, eager to be the first to reach the recruiting office on the receiving ship Vermont.

"Many of those who came had been at the yard yesterday and had been told to return. A few appeared in old uniforms. They were men who had formerly been in the service and had re-enlisted yesterday. All such are accepted almost at once."

COLUMBUS TO RECRUIT MEN.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

COLUMBUS, O., March 8.—The recruiting officer at Columbus Barracks received orders today to recruit acceptable men for the Navy and Light Artillery.

BLANCO SAYS HE LIKES LEE.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

MADRID, March 8.—A semi-official note just issued declares that the Spanish government has not received any complaint regarding the attitude of General Fitzhugh Lee, the United States Consul-General at Havana, adding: "On the contrary, Captain-General Blanco affirms that General Lee's behaviour has always been correct."

Nevertheless the incident serves to explain the origin of the ill will between the two countries. This is proved by statements attributed to Secretary Sherman, by which the jingoes have created the impression that Spain is trying to provoke war in the United States, while at the same time engendering the feeling in Spain that it is the United States which demands the opening of hostilities. It is essential that this double game should be ended in order to prevent the two countries from going to war without motives and without either of them desiring it."

THE MAINE FAST SINKING.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

KEY WEST, March 8.—The United States cruiser Montgomery is still in the harbor. The work of coaling that vessel from a barge was resumed early this morning. The Marblehead is coaling at the dock.

The tug Right Arm arrived here from Havana this morning. Captain Everett, the diver of the Merritt & Chapman Derrick & Wrecking Company who was on board, said the Right Arm was bound for Norfolk and would proceed there as soon as she can be coaled.

Captain Everett was very reserved concerning the work he has done on the wreck of the Maine, but he expresses the opinion that it is now doubtful if the big guns can be saved, so fast is the wreck sinking in the mud of Havana Harbor.

TROOPS READY TO MOVE.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

DENVER, March 8.—Active preparations for moving the troops stationed at Fort Logan are being made and everything is being put in readiness for a sudden call to duty. The Denver and Rio Grande railroad has been instructed by the War Department at Washington to be prepared to move the troops upon notice.

CUBANS ARE READY TO HELP.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

NEW YORK, March 8.—Brigadier-General Joseph Lacret of the Cuban army has arrived in New York bearing important messages to the Junta. He is accompanied by Judge Advocate-General Manuel Alonzo and Colonel Octavo Giberga.

General Lacret and his two companions left Puerto Principe, the seat of the Cuban government, about three weeks ago. They were escorted to the coast, whence they made their escape in an open boat, in which they sailed to the northern bay of Jamaica. A day after their landing at Jamaica they learned of the disaster of the Maine. From Jamaica they came to New York by steamer and reported at once to Thomas Estrada Palma.

"All I can say," said General Palma, "is to confirm the report that General Lacret and two other staff officers are now in the city. Their mission is one of the greatest importance. They have delivered their reports to me in persons. What these reports are I cannot state at this time.

"'I will say this much, however," continued General Palma, "that in case the United States should declare war against Spain, President Masso will cooperate at once with the United States forces.

"These officers come direct from the seat of the government. They tell me that the Cubans feel assured that they will win. President Masso feels that the war will be ended by the Cubans, even though the United States should not care to interfere.

"It may take four months, or the war may last a year. But we are confident that we can end the struggle without the assistance of a foreign country. Spain is bankrupt and she is in no position to continue this war."

General Palma said that General Lacret assured him that the Cuban army was well supplied with arms and ammunition.

Colonels Giberga and Alonzo are both men of ability and are the confidential advisers of the Cuban government. Their stay in this city will be short. They expect to be back in the field in Cuba before the middle of next month.

MORE WARSHIPS FOR SPAIN.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

NEW YORK, March 8.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says:

"There has been a heavy fall in consols. Americans and stocks of all kinds today in consequence of disquieting rumors from China, West Africa, Spain and America with rumbling thunder all around the sky. Here were signs of alarm in every section of the stock list, American securities showing the greatest weakness. All the startling rumors current last week of Spanish preparations for war have been revived; one hears them at every turn, but it is never practicable to find any one in authority to vouch for them or allow his name to be used in connection with them.

"It is again rumored that the Spanish government has purchased six warships in process of construction in England and France for Chile and Brazil, including one armed cruiser, two coast defense vessels and three protected cruisers. The Spanish Embassy denies the story, but the rumor will not down.

"Another report current in military circles is that the Spanish Government has secured the control of a large number of heavy guns and a considerable torpedo equipment and other war material in England and France. This rumor cannot be confirmed, but it is believed by some well-informed experts to be true.

"Information which comes from sources entitled to confidence, leads to the belief that the Spanish government now has in London the money required for completing various purchases of ships and guns. How or whence it has been obtained may be a mystery, but the assumption that Spain is prevented by lack of money from making naval and military preparations on a large scale is not well founded.

"All talk about American options for the purchase of warships has been premature. It is not probable that the Brazilian and Chilean warships are in the market for American purchase. They could not be had even if the United States government were to make a liberal offer for them. Spain has secured them if they have been purchasable.

"The only vessels in England, Germany or elsewhere which could be bought on any terms by the United States are those now being built for China and Japan, and neither power has shown any willingness to entertain offers for them. China is believed to have refused to consider propositions made by Spain for the purchase of several ships.

"Japan is in hot haste to strengthen her own fleet and fresh rumors of Russian aggression will not check her ardor."

CORRESPONDENTS MUST LEAVE.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

NEW YORK, March 8.—According to the Herald's Havana correspondent, Consul-General Lee has received demands from newspapers to give protection to certain correspondents threatened with deportation. Rumor mentions the names of only three correspondents and two of these, at least, have for three years espoused the cause of the insurgents.

They have been in the field with the insurgents and have expected to be ordered from Cuba for some time. It is said that they will be instructed to leave on Wednesday's or Saturday's steamer. If General Lee's advice is followed, they will go without protest.

The renewal of police methods so common two years ago, under Captain-General Weyler, has caused considerable alarm among the Cubans who profess to see in it the beginning of an era of much greater severity than has hitherto marked the course of the Blanco administration.

MUST LEAVE WITH HONOR.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

NEW YORK, March 8.—A copyright cable to the Evening World today from George Bronson Rea at Havana says:

"General Lee said last night to me: 'If Spain wishes to declare any or all of us persona non grata it is her privilege to do so, but if we must leave town we will leave with the American flag flying and a brass band at the head of the procession.'"

BIG GUNS FOR THE SPANISH.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

NEW YORK, March 8.—According to the Paris correspondent of the Herald the Spanish government has given orders for the purchase of rapid-firing guns of the Canet type of 14 and 16 centimetres in France. They are supposed to be for the Spanish ironclad, Charles V., now at Havre completing her armament.

Spain is said to have tried to purchase war ships from France but without success.

MONUMENTS FOR MARINES.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

CHICAGO, March 8.—Mayor Harrison has issued a call for a meeting to take action on the movement to erect a monument to the men who lost their lives in the explosion of the battleship Maine and appointed a large committee to take charge of the matter. In his notice of appointment Mayor Harrison says:

"The purpose is to raise funds for this memorial, which has assumed a national character. Committees having the furtherance of the enterprise in view have been formed in practically all the cities of the first class; the Governors of more than twenty States have accepted places on the national committee and men of the highest eminence are lending their aid to the movement. The temporary officers already chosen are: Chairman, Levi P. Morton; treasurer, George Gould."

The first meeting of the committee will be held this evening, when the question of what Chicago will do in the direction of participating in the work will be discussed.

SPAIN'S ARMY IS PARALYZED.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

NEW YORK, Mar. 8.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Havana says:

"When arms failed Spain fell back on politics to gain peace in Cuba. Now that politics have failed she seeks to fall back on arms. This is the meaning of the declaration from Madrid that Sagasta has decided to press autonomy vigorously by both military and political measures. It is the Minister's confession of the failure of the Radical Autonomists to reach the insurgents with their twelve articles of weakened faith.

"Had there been a hope of success by opening negotiations with Gomez on this basis, the Madrid Cabinet would have temporized and evaded a positive declaration. There being no hope, the prospective rejection by the insurgents of the terms offered is discounted by a disavowal in advance.

"Govin in the Cabinet and Amblard and Giberga out of it are left to make their own explanations. They anticipated that something of this kind would happen, and they can probably take care of themselves. Had the movement promised well they knew it would have been encouraged and supported in Madrid.

"Meantime the historic autonomists in the Cabinet, Galvez, Montero and Zayas, come out from behind their own shadows and announce that they never indorsed the plans. It is true that the Central Committee or junta of the Autonomist party acted over their heads in formally committing the organization to further concessions to the insurgents, but if the professed departure had possessed vitality, it would not have been in danger from their opposition. The autonomists are still the fractional minority of a party that has been small in numbers.

Ordinarily a conflict raging in a Cabinet would mean disruption. However, the Autonomist Cabinet has so little to do with the actual government of Cuba, such government as it is, that no more attention is paid to the radically opposing position of its members than to a mere difference of personal opinion.

"The promises that peace will come by

(Continued on Page 2.)

This announcement is for the benefit of my friends who wish to take advantage of the remaining few days of my auction sale. S. Lathrop.

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WAR HAS ALREADY BEEN COMMENCED.

So Declares a Member of the House, During Its Session.

$50,000,000 for the National Defense Will Be Appropriated by Congress.

Politics Forgotten in the Crisis and the House Passes the Enormous Bill.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

WASHINGTON, Mar. 8.—The galleries of the House were packed to the doors today, and long lines of people unable to gain admission surged about the corridors. Public interest in the debate on the bill appropriating $50,000,000 for the national defense was reflected in this large attendance in the galleries.

On the floor almost every member was in his seat. On the faces of the leaders on both sides was an air of stern resolution indicating their deep appreciation of the great business upon which Congress and the country were entering, in making this vast appropriation for possible war.

As soon as the journal had been read the Speaker rapped for order and amid a deep silence Chairman Cannon reported as a deficiency bill the measure appropriating $50,000,000 for the national defense. It included also several other items, among which are $100,000 for coal for naval vessels.

When the reading of the bill was concluded, with the items of $50,000,000 for the national defense, a spontaneous outburst of applause went up from the members and the galleries.

Mr. Cannon and Mr. Sayers, the minority member of the Appropriations Committee, then mutually proposed the agreement they had privately made before the House met, for three hours' general debate on the bill, to be followed by one hour's debate under the five minute rule.

Mr. Barrett (Republican) of Massachusetts asked if opportunity would be allowed for amendment, and when Mr. Cannon answered that he did not know, he objected. His objection was greeted with hisses and loud cries of "vote, vote."

Mr. Barrett, yielding to the urgent appeals of the Republicans about him, withdrew his objection. The agreement as to time was formally ratified.

After the confusion which followed this dramatic scene had subsided, Mr. Cannon took the floor to open the debate on the bill. He spoke calmly and briefly, explaining that the items in the bill, save the last, were strictly deficiency items. Coming to the all absorbing item, he said that in the present critical condition of affairs the committee had deemed it wise to appropriate this sum, placing its expenditure in the complete discretion of the President. He referred to the fact that the committee had been unanimous in its action and had only changed the wording of the bill he introduced yesterday, by making the appropriation available until January, 1899, instead of June 30, 1899.

This, he pointed out, would give the administration over the time of the probable adjournment of Congress.

"We have the money in the Treasury to meet this appropriation if it is expended," he continued, "and therefore there is not presented with this proposition one to borrow money or to increase taxation, to which almost any other nation on earth would be obliged to resort." (Tremendous applause.)

The appropriation, he contended, was extraordinary. Its object was to empower the President in an orderly way to prepare for contingencies. He insisted that this appropriation must not be construed into a threat. Nothing was further from the minds of those who reported it. This appropriation was to be placed in the hands of a wise and patriotic executive to make proper preparations to maintain the national honor, nothing more.

"It is not a war appropriation," said he emphatically. "I say that, in my judgment, measuring my words, it is a peace measure. The Government of the United States would not, if it could, trench upon the rights of any nation on earth." (Great applause.)

Mr. Sayers of Texas, the ranking member of the minority, followed Mr. Cannon. His first statement, to the effect that in the presence of possible danger this appropriation had met with the hearty and unanimous endorsement of the Appropriations Committee, without regard to party, aroused the House to enthusiasm.

Livingston (Democrat) of Georgia, Allen (Democrat) of Mississippi and McCrea (Democrat) of Arkansas all strongly supported the bill and declared all the South would stand by the President.

Messrs. Bell (Populist) of Colorado, Northway (Republican) of Ohio, Pitney (Republican) of New Jersey, Boutelle (Republican) of Maine, Hopkins (Republican) of Illinois, Cooper (Democrat) of Texas, Wheeler (Democrat) of Alabama and Grosvenor (Republican) of Ohio, all followed in a like strain, the last named warmly eulogizing the President.

Such was the demand for time that it was doled out by the minutes. All the speeches breathed patriotic fervor, many of them being truly eloquent.

The only discordant note up to 2:30 P. M. was when General Bingham (Republican) of Pennsylvania said we cared not so much for the bravery and courage of Consul General Lee as for his cool judgment. Hisses from all quarters of the hall greeted this statement.

Mr. Bingham was again hissed when he said he condemned any statement on the floor to the effect that our relations with Spain were other than they had been for years past—perfectly friendly.

Mr. Barrett (Republican) of Massachusetts said he heartily supported the bill. He would, he said, vote for $100,000,000 instead of $50,000,000, if necessary.

Mr. Mann (Republican) of Illinois created something of a sensation by declaring that this appropriation meant war, but that war already existed. The appropriation might end it.

General Henderson (Republican) of Iowa, in an eloquent speech, declared that no country desired peace more than the United States, and none need fear war less. The administration was looking before it leaped. This day's work would show when the leap came that the country would be behind it.

He was cheered to the echo.

The debate closed at 4:20 P. M. When the question was put on the passage of the bill, Mr. Cannon said that at the request of many members he would ask for a roll call, so that every member could go on record.

THE BILL PASSES.

The bill was passed by a unanimous vote. Many pairs were broken in order that members might vote for the bill. Three hundred and eleven votes were cast in its favor.

IN THE SENATE.

The bill appropriating $50,000,000 for the national defense was carried immediately to the Senate and has been presented to that body and referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

THE MAINE DISASTER.

(Continued from page 1.)

arms will divert attention from the breakdown of the political support of autonomy only temporarily. The army of Spain, which is spread over the island, is paralyzed. It cannot achieve a single important victory, much less carry on a military campaign. When by chance the insurgents are encountered in the fields, if the troops hold their own it becomes a subject for congratulations.

"A month has gone by since General Blanco told the people in the eastern provinces that they should have peace by the end of February. A charitable construction was put upon his words, and the date was said to be 'approximate.' That elastic term cannot be held much longer.

"The attempt is made to divert attention from the paralyzed army on the island to the vigorous power on the water. The Vizcaya and the Almirante Oquendo appeal to the popular mind. They revive Spanish patriotism. How their guns are to be aimed against the insurgents in the hills and woods is not explained, nor is explanation demanded. The people are more impressed with the ships as a probable force against the United States than as a means of fighting the insurgents. The spasm may prove a passing one or it may grow into a frenzy. At present none can say.

"The worst feature of the situation is the renewed aggressiveness of the volunteers since the January riots. They have seen that the proposition of the Radical Autonomists to disarm them was sufficient to rouse the old feeling. The Government, even with autonomy moving forward, would not have been strong enough to overcome a determined opposition.

"With the political policy dead, nothing remained except to yield gracefully and deny that the intention to take away their arms existed. Since this official declaration has been made, it becomes the settled purpose of the Government not to interfere with the volunteers. Instead, they are to be petted and coaxed and made to think they are again the main support of Spain's sovereignty. They only are exulting in their strength. How far the exulting will carry them no one may pretend to say. Their power and their knowledge of their power are bad signs for the future.

"Within a week the sentiment against intervention has been stiffened. This may be for effect, but the outward evidence indicates something deeper among the official classes, who may be presumed to know something of the policy which governs the Madrid Cabinet. The talk is all warlike."

SOUND SENSE FROM BRITAIN.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

LONDON, Mar. 8.—The Times editorially says this morning:

"If Spain is placed in an awkward position respecting the Lee incident, she must thank the indiscretion of her foreign office. She cannot blame President McKinley. Mr. Cannon's bill can hardly be explained by the Lee incident. It is probably due to the rumors that Spain is purchasing war vessels.

"We do not believe that Spain desires war, but if she does, this evidence of America's alertness offers a most effectual check. President McKinley appears to be adhering loyally to the policy of firmness, caution and pacific circumspection he has hitherto pursued. No doubt, he has the support of the sober and conscientious mass of American people, but he has had to face outbursts of popular clamor that a weaker man might have mistaken for the voice of the country.

"The complicity of the Spanish Government in the Maine disaster is a hypothesis too monstrous and irrational to be entertained, and, except that, there is nothing impossible of arrangement between Spain and America, while the intractable nature of Cuba's disorders cannot but inspire thoughtful Americans with a serious doubt as to the wisdom of annexation."

The Daily News, in its editorial on the Cuban situation says:

"We cannot doubt as to the ultimate issue of a war between the United States and Spain, but America might have a bad quarter of an hour before victory. European alliances against the United States may be left out of the question, despite the talk of Spain's friends. The attitude of the Spanish-American republics, however, may cause the Americans to pause. The one thing needful, so far as England is concerned, is that those who have so often mismanaged our relations with the United States should not repeat their historic mistakes.

"It may be taken for granted that America wants nothing from us but sympathy, and that, with or without it, she will come out on the right side. But the United States would never forget any moment any failure on our part to do prompt justice on the detestible doctrine that America's difficulty is Great Britain's opportunity. That doctrine is sure to be preached in its own bad time by some of our jingoes, but we must take care that they do not speak for the nation."

GREAT ACTIVITY IN WASHINGTON.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

WASHINGTON, Mar. 8.—There was a very strong suggestion of the state of affairs that might exist in time of actual war in the busy scenes presented at the Navy and War Departments to-day. There was an almost unbroken succession of conferences between officers and officials of various degrees and throughout both these branches of the war establishment the greatest activity was exhibited.

Secretary Long was particularly busy. Before 10 o'clock he had been obliged to retire to his private office and deny himself to callers in order to hold a conference. Senator Lodge was present, as well as Chairman Hale of the Senate Naval Committee, Chairman Boutelle of the House Naval Committee, Captain Crowninshield, chief of the Naval Bureau; Captain Bradford, chief of the Equipment Bureau; Captain Brownson and Assistant Secretary Roosevelt.

Chief Constructor Hitchborn and Admiral Matthews, chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks, were also called to the conference by the Secretary to deal with special phases of the question under consideration. The conference had to do with preparations for putting the navy at the highest state of efficiency and the fact that Secretary Long is consulting at every step with the representatives of the Legislative branch of the Government shows the desire of the President to keep within the strict spirit of the Constitution.

Secretary Long found time during the progress of the conference to talk a moment with Mr. Lane, who has submitted to the department proposals for the sale of certain warships now building in Europe at private shipyards. What passed between them is not known, but Mr. Lane hastened immediately to communicate directly with his principals in Europe.

The Secretary made it plain to the legislators at the conference that the department is very much better prepared than has been supposed in the matter of accurate information of the ship building in progress in European ship yards. But the point upon which the department now seeks to inform itself goes beyond this and looks to securing information as to which of these ships can be purchased immediately.

It was shown that very many more difficulties exist than the public is aware of in the acquirement of such property as warships. Most of these craft under construction are building under special orders for various governments, and only a few, and those, perhaps, not of the most desirable type, are in the builders' hands in such shape that they can be at once disposed of.

In the case of some of the European powers under a strong monarchial government, it is possible for permission to be given at once for the sale of a ship to another nation, but in the case of more complex forms of government, such as those that exist in the South American Republics, it is feared that grave constitutional and legal objections exist to the transfer of the rights of these countries in their ships to the United States; necessitating recourse to the legislative branches of their governments for authorization. This will be a time-consuming process that could be scarcely entertained in our case.

It is particularly with a view to acquiring information on this point that is, the possibility of buying ships immediately, that Captain Brownson has been selected to go to Europe. He is an officer of great discretion, and his experience on the Board of Inspection, which is charged with the duty of thoroughly examining all ships built for the navy, has thoroughly familiarized him with all of the details of the various types of warships, battleships, armored cruisers, protected cruisers, monitors and torpedo boats.

During the conference this morning he was made fully acquainted with the views of the Secretary and his advisors as to the proper scope of his mission and he will lose no time in starting for Europe. After the conference he had a long interview with Assistant Secretary Day of the State Department and arranged to obtain letters to United States Ambassadors and Ministers abroad instructing them to place every force at their disposal at work to help Captain Brownson.

Commander Brownson will sail from New York for Southampton by the first available steamer and will prosecute his duties in England and France with the utmost diligence and dispatch. At Southampton he will be joined by Lieutenant J. C. Colwell, Naval Attache of the American Embassy at London.

Commander Brownson will go to France next week with as little delay as possible and will confer with Lieutenant S. Sims, Naval Attache to the American Embassy at Paris and in his company inspect the two battleships Marshiel Florian and Marshal Deodora, now building for the Brazilian Navy and which it is understood can be purchased by the United States Government.

Commander Brownson is also charged with the important duty of investigating the practicability of the purchase from foreign manufacturers of ordnance material in case our own supply should prove inadequate.

It is known positively that negotiations are in progress toward having the United States acquire the two crack cruisers now being built for Japan, one now at the Cramps' Yards at Philadelphia and the other at the Union Iron Works of San Francisco. The negotiations naturally are circuitous as there are three parties in it, namely, the Japanese Government, the United States and the ship builders. There is good reason to believe that terms could be made between the United States and the ship builders and that so far as they are concerned the transaction could be concluded without much further negotiation.

While suggestions have been made that the right of imminent domain would permit the United States to take the two cruisers without reference to Japan's rights there is no desire among officials here to resort to radical steps. Moreover it is said that such action would be an international offense directed against Japan and an unfriendly act which this government is not likely to commit at this moment toward a friendly power.

THE POPE FAVORS SPAIN.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

NEW YORK, Mar. 8.—A dispatch to the World from Madrid says:

"The panic on the foreign bourses to get rid of Spanish securities has puzzled the people of Madrid all day. They are at a loss to understand the reason for it.

"In sympathy with that panic there was some fall in stocks on the Madrid bourse, accompanied by a sharp rise in foreign exchange.

"The Government took steps immediately to contradict officially both the reports that Spain had asked for the recall of Consul General Lee from Havana and the report that Pope Leo XIII had made any declaration favorable to Cuban independence or rebels.

"The latter rumor is positively denied by the Papal Nuncio at Madrid. On the contrary, it is well known that since the beginning of the Cuban insurrection that the Pope has sent his blessing repeatedly to Spanish troops starting for Cuba, and has equally as often announced that he has prayed for the success of the Spanish arms in Cuba.

"Reflecting the impressions in financial and political quarters, most of the Madrid newspapers attribute the scare to inaccurate statements set afloat by the telegraph agencies and sensational newspapers concerning both incidents.

"The Spanish newspapers still print criticisms based on the discovery of goods smuggled into Cuba under the cover of relief.

"The Heraldo believes this incident is damaging for General Lee."

LONG SESSION OF THE CABINET.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—The Cabinet was in session today fully an hour longer than usual. It is understood that the situation was discussed in all of its phases and that is was the opinion of all the members that within the last day or two matters had taken a more pacific turn.

The situation, it was stated, was becoming more satisfactory and comfortable in all directions. The report that Spain has purchased two war vessels from Brazil is known to be incorrect and the statement that was made that should the United States wish to buy these vessels there was reason to believe she would be given the opportunity.

The government is doing everything that prudence and discretno would dictate to put the navy of the United States on a good footing should the necessities of the case require heroic treatment.

The Lee recall incident and the intimation that relief supplies should not be sent to Cuba in war vessels are now fully disposed of and the momentary anxiety which they caused has passed away. All things considered, the outlook is regarded by the Cabinet as decidedly improved.

TROOPS ARE NOW NEEDED.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

CLEVELAND, Mar. 8.—Orders have been received from Washington by the local army recruiting officer to enlist men for light artillery at once. There is marked activity about the quarters of the recruiting office and all the able-bodied men who apply are accepted.

J. COHN & CO.

—ARE SELLING—

All Wool Suits to Order for $13.50

All Worsted Striped Pants $4.00

New Spring Styles in Hats. New shades and shapes selling at - - $1.25

J. Cohn & Co.

GREEN FRONT STORE

988 and 990 Washington Street

Bet. 9th and 10th Sts. Middle of the Block

GRAND CONCERT HERE SATURDAY NIGHT.

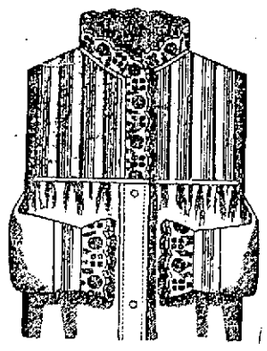
KAHN BROS.

PROMENADE CONCERT EVERY SATURDAY NIGHT.

The lines advertised to-day are always interesting, never more so than now, four things to be considered: style, finish, materials and fit. Our goods possess all these virtues.

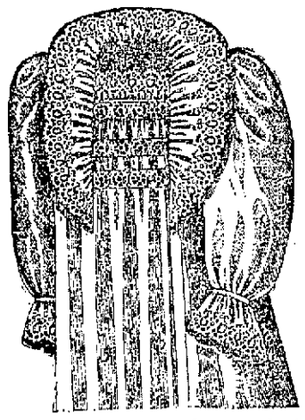
Night Gowns

A fine gown, rich effects, with 14 rows narrow insertion. Cut describes the style. Our price.....98c



A fine gown, extra sizes—17, 18, 19. Cut describes the style. Our price...98c

A neat gown with 2 rows insertion, Cambric ruffle around neck. Cut describes style. Our price.....48c



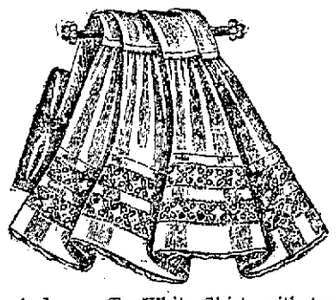
A very stylish gown, fancy and rich. Cut describes style. Our price....$1.25

A very handsome garment, trimmed with val laces, shirred yoke of fine lawn. A garment shown by specialty stores at $3.00. Cut describes style. Our price $2.24

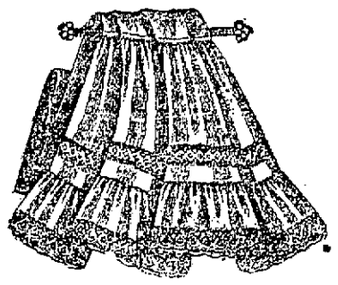
We offer excellent values at..... 75c
" " " 90c
" " " $1.00

Millinery Opening in about two weeks.

White Skirts



A deep ruffle White Skirt, with two rows of insertion and under ruffle. Cut describes style, our price.....98c

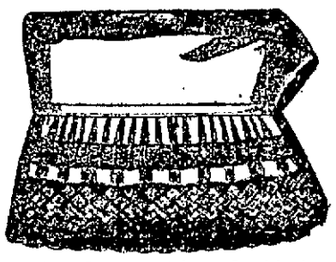


A neat Skirt, muslin body, lawn ruffle, with val lace insertion and edging. Cut describes style, our price.....98c

A neat Skirt of muslin, ruffle of cambric, deep lace insertion and edging. Cut describes style, our price.....94c

MILLINERY OPENING IN ABOUT TWO WEEKS

Drawers



Ladies' Drawers, trimmed with lace insertion and edging.....64c

Ladies' Drawers, trimmed with val laces, very pretty.....89c

Ladies' Plain Drawers, with deep ruffle.....19c

Ladies' Tucked Drawers, with embroidery edging.....24c

Ladies' Tucked Drawers, fine embroidery edging.....48c

Umbrella Drawers, with ruffle and embroidery edging.....39c

Umbrella Drawers, with 6 tucks in drawer, 4 tucks on ruffle, edged with embroidery for.....48c

Excellent values offered at 75c, $1, $1.25.

MILLINERY OPENING IN ABOUT TWO WEEKS

Stanley brand as applied to Ladies' Waists or Men's Shirts is a guarantee of quality, fit, finish and style. We do not keep Shirts, but we are the *sole agents for Alameda County* for the Ladies' Waists. As a leader for this week we offer a bargain in a Waist, Blouse effect, the usual Stanley 75c quality. To get you interested in the line, price will be.....44c

Stanley Waists have detachable collar.

At 75c—We show fourteen different styles in Checks, Plaids, Stripes and mottled effects. Price.....75c

Stanley Waists are known for their style, fit and finish.

At 98c—The variety is large enough to suit the most exacting customer. New patterns and nobby effects. Price....98c

Stanley Waists have a national reputation.

At $1.48 up to $3.50 we show an endless variety. Style the latest, materials the best, values the greatest in this department.

KAHN BROS.

AGENCY . . . Standard Patterns and Publications "Cordette", the new lining

"The Always Busy Store,"

N. E. COR. 12th and WASHINGTON STS.

TRADING STAMPS.

LEVIN THE CASH GROCER

Southwest corner Tenth and Washington streets, will continue giving out stamps.

C. W. Kinsey, Dealer in Fine New and Second-Hand Furniture, Carpets, Ranges, Etc.

"Modern" furniture bought or exchanged. Auction sales on premises. Call and see us. 462-464 Thirteenth street.

No. 408 11th St.,

Schellhaas' old store, new goods, new prices, lowest in town.

Bay City Flour—None better.

Bargains in Real Estate.

City and country property for sale, exchange and rent. W. A. Pryal, 470 Thirteenth st., telephone white 976.

Do Not Be Deceived!

We are still in business. Furniture and household goods at the old store of H. Schellhaas, 408 Eleventh st.

The Theo. Gier Co. are the sole agents of the renowned Eagle Brand of liqueurs and cordials.

A $2.00 Lamp With Every $5 purchase. See them at the old store of H. Schellhaas, 408 Eleventh st.

DIED

DEERING—In this city, March 6, 1898, Jackson Deering, a native of Indiana, aged 40 years.

Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral TOMORROW (Wednesday), at 2 o'clock P. M., from the residence of his brother-in-law, Charles Thompson, Klinkner avenue, Golden Gate. Interment, Mountain View Cemetery.

DURANT—At Fruitvale, March 4, 1898, Mrs. Nancy E. Durant, mother of J. A., A. A., D. W., Miss Frances and Alice Durant, a native of Green Springs, Ohio.

The funeral took place Sunday, March 6, 1898.

BRECK—In this city, March 8, 1898, Samuel Breck, a native of Newport, New Hampshire, aged 72 years and 1 day.

The funeral will take place THURSDAY, at 2 P. M., from the family residence, 2008 Summit street. Interment private.

BENSON—In this city, March 7, 1898, George C. Benson, a native of Norway, aged 60 years, 5 months and 6 days.

BRACKMAN—In East Oakland, March 7, 1898, William Brackman, a native of Germany, aged 74 years, 9 months and 27 days.

For fine old Kentucky bourbon and rye whisky, brandies and wines, go to Theo. Gier Co., 513-515 Fourteenth street.

Bay City Flour—Absolutely pure.

GERMEA

FOR BREAKFAST.

LOUISVILLE RESTAURANT

—French and Family Dinners—

BANQUETS, PARTIES, LADIES' DEPARTMENTS.

Open Till 12 P. M.

910 BROADWAY John Stavich

THE PIONEER FRENCH BAKERY

M. & J. LONGE, Proprietors.

N. E. Corner Tenth and Webster Streets, OAKLAND, CAL.

First quality French bread delivered to all parts of Oakland, Berkeley and Alameda. Loaves made to order for camping parties. French rolls made to order.

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Two cents per word for three insertions.
Two and one-half cents per word for six insertions.
Rate per line one month.....50 cents

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Half a cent per word for one insertion.
One cent per word for three insertions.
Two cents per word for six insertions.
Tribune Publishing Company.

W. H. DARGIE,
President.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

NEW YORK MILLINERY—1206 Market st., San Francisco, bet. Taylor and Jones, same block as J. J. O'Brien's; hats, flowers, feathers and ribbons at the lowest price in the city; hats stylishly trimmed 25c; hats pressed 25c.

A YOUNG MAN of business ability and reputable character wishes to form the acquaintance of a lady of good references; a Protestant preferred; age between 20 and 25; height under 5½ feet; object, matrimony. Address M. A. Slowser, Oakland, Cal.

NOTICE—The Smith House, 836 Broadway, formerly the St. Paul, has changed hands, and is now being run by its owner, Mrs. Rufus Smith, as a first class lodging house; it has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished; terms reasonable.

FURNITURE WANTED—We will give you more cash for your furniture and household goods than you can get anywhere. J. A. Munro & Co., 1517-19 Park st., Alameda, general auctioneers, Tel red-423.

ATTORNEYS.

C. H. TEBBS, Attorney-at-Law, 1003½ Broadway, rooms 25-27.

HAROLD L. MARTIN and W. J. ROBINSON, Attorneys-at-Law, 921 Broadway, room 15.

BREARTY & WHITE, Attorneys-at-Law, 1004 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

BROOKS & HARGIS, Attorneys-at-Law, Parrott bldg., San Francisco. Telephone Jessie 601.

A. L. & P. C. BLACK—Attorneys-at-Law. Room No. 6, 957 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.; with John Yule.

PHIL M. WALSH, Attorney-at-Law, City Justices' Court building, S. E. corner Broadway and Eighth sts.

GEORGE W. LANGAN, Attorney and Counselor-at-Law, Livermore, Cal.; practices in all courts.

BEN F. WOOLNER, Attorney and Counselor-at-Law and Notary Public. 1008½ Broadway, rooms 7 and 8.

CLINTON G. DODGE, rooms 15 and 16, 906 Broadway.

FOX & GRAY, Attorneys-at-Law, Pacific Mutual building, entrance 6, fourth floor, San Francisco.

FRICK & GOODCELL, Attorneys-at-Law, Blake & Moffitt building, rooms 48-52.

GEORGE E. DE GOLIA, 967 Broadway, northeast corner of Ninth st., Oakland, room 2, telephone No. 83.

JOHNSON & SHAW, Law Office, 921 Broadway, rooms 2, 3 and 5.

MELVIN C. CHAPMAN, Attorney-at-Law, 957 Broadway, Oakland, Cal., rooms 2, 4 and 5.

SNOOK & CHURCH, Attorneys-at-Law, room 3, District Attorney's office, Court House.

NYE & KINSELL, Attorneys-at-Law, 861 Broadway.

R. M. FITZGERALD, Attorney-at-Law, 554½ Broadway, rooms 1 and 2, Oakland.

SAMUEL BELL McKEE JR., Attorney-at-Law, 957 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

FOR SALE MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—An elegant Cleveland mandolin, valued at $25; it was purchased recently and has never been used; can be seen by applying at this office.

DENTISTS.

A SET OF TEETH, $5; painless extracting free; filling, 50c; crowns, $3.50; teeth without plates and bridgework a specialty.
PACIFIC DENTAL PARLORS,
18 Third Street.
Second door from Call building.

A FULL SET OF TEETH, $5; painless extracting; see our combination plate; thin as paper; warranted 10 years; teeth without plates; crown and bridge work our specialty; teeth implanted or transplanted; fillings, 50c; crowns, $3.50; all work painless and warranted. Chicago Dental Parlors, 24 Sixth st., S. F.

J. M. DUNN, D. D. S.—Dental parlors, 1103½ Broadway, rooms 14-16, Union National Bank building, Oakland, Cal.

HAIR DRESSERS.

THEATRICAL WIGS—Artistic wig making to order. Mrs. L. C. Marvin, 1159 Washington st.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY LOANED—Lowest rates; mortgages bought and sold; bargains in real estate; houses rented. D. F. McDonald & Co., 463 Ninth st.

MONEY TO LOAN upon mortgage of real estate, by G. W. McKeand, Sixth and Broadway, Oakland.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

COTTON BROS. & CO., bridge builders and general contractors, engineers and builders of all kinds of bridge work; pile driving and wharf building. 473½ Tenth st., Oakland; telephone 613.

OAKLAND BICYCLE DEALERS

WOLFF AMERICAN high art cycles; first class repairing. Starratt Bros., 422 Twelfth st.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—From 569 Albion st., white fox terrier, 8 months old; tail cut rather long. Return to above address and receive reward.

LOST—On Friday evening, a bunch of keys on a heart shaped holder. Return to 1154 Brush st. and receive reward.

OCULISTS.

HAYWARD G. THOMAS, M. D.; office Central Bank building, Fourteenth and Broadway; hours 10 to 4.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished sunny rooms; can be arranged for light housekeeping, at 1260 Franklin st. near narrow gauge depot.

TO LET—Furnished; six rooms furnished for housekeeping; rent $12. Apply on premises, 2030 Market st. near San Pablo ave.

FOR RENT—A bay window suite; finely furnished for housekeeping if desired; references. 869 Washington.

SIX LARGE sunny rooms; modern cottage; cheap to right party. Call 1462 West st.

SUNNY furnished rooms, from $5 up; central location. Apply renting department Clerks' Exchange, 1018 Washington st., Oakland.

ELEGANTLY furnished rooms; moderate rent; central location. The Pleasanton, 1162 Washington st. near Fourteenth.

TRUNKS MOVED, 25c each. 424 Tenth st.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.

TO RENT—Four nice, sunny, unfurnished rooms; corner Tenth and Webster sts.; $8 for two rooms. Apply at French Bakery, cor. Tenth and Webster.

HALLS TO LET.

GRAND ARMY HALL to let. Apply to C. Jurgens, 1116 Broadway.

ROOMS AND BOARDING.

WANTED—A child to board by respectable family having no children; must be of nice family; greatest attention will be shown child; terms reasonable. 2125 Allston way near Shattuck ave.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

$1,200—TWO COTTAGES; lot 50 ft. front; facing park in heart of Oakland; land alone appraised at $2,000; a bargain. J. H. Macdonald & Co., 470 Ninth st. near Broadway.

FOR SALE—Do you wish to buy a home completely furnished? If so, call on Albert Schmidt, 820 East Twelfth st., East Oakland. It consists of a large, six room modern cottage, cement basement, situated at a corner on elevated ground, with lot 100x150 feet. The property commands a fine view, and one block from electric car line. The executor of the estate will sell at the appraised value of $5,000.

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED—Small modern house in Oakland; rent not over $10. Address Delta, box 2, this office.

HOUSES TO LET.

TO LET—Two four room furnished cottages with bath room; rent $13 per month. Apply 1463 Seventh street.

OFFICE TO RENT.

SUNNY OFFICES and rooms to let, with or without board; reasonable rates. 1116 Broadway.

STORES FOR RENT.

STORE FOR RENT—Fine brick store and cement basement 25x100; reasonable rent; on Twelfth st. near Broadway. C. K. Marshall, 1118 Broadway.

SITUATIONS WANTED FEMALE.

A YOUNG GERMAN GIRL wants situation to mind babies and to assist in housework; wages $10. Apply John Anderson, gardener, Howe st. near Fabiola Hospital.

WOMAN wants employment in small family as cook and at housework; kind to children; references. Address M. C., box 6, this office.

A YOUNG Frenchwoman wants to do upstairs work and sewing; will take care of child also; good references. Apply or address 866 Isabella st.

SITUATION WANTED by a good cook in private family; does kitchen work and plain washing; good references. 513 Ninth, cor. Washington.

WOMAN wants work; housekeeper, chamber work, or good seamstress; can make anything in children's clothes, or will do housework in small, nice family. Mrs. Wilson, box 2, this office.

GERMAN Employment Office—Mrs. E. Frank, first class help of all nationalities; hotels and restaurants supplied; country orders attended to; special attention to private families; tel. red 3297. 535 Eleventh st., Oakland.

A RELIABLE WOMAN wants work by the day, washing, ironing and house cleaning. Inquire 1211 West st.

SITUATION WANTED by a first class girl to do cooking and general housework; can give the best of references. Apply 515 Ninth st., Oakland.

LEADING Employment Agents—J. P. Johnston & Co., 872 Broadway.

THE CLERKS' EXCHANGE—The largest, oldest and best appointed bureau in the world; Oakland office at rooms 6, 7, 8 and 9, 1018 Washington st.; C. C. Eaton manager and a staff of lady assistants; tel. white 934; call or send for catalogues.

MRS. CATTELL'S Reliable Employment Bureau; established many years; 525 Eighth st.; only referenced help sent out; German, Scandinavian and all nationalities on hand; male and female; telephone 3291 black.

PRIVATE Employment Office—Mrs. L. C. Marvin, removed to 1159 Washington st.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

HELP WANTED—Two cooks, restaurant, wages $30; two nurses, institution, $25; general housework, $25. Mrs. Cattell, 525 Eighth st.

WANTED—Good second girl and seamstress; stenographer; good position. 1019 Washington st.

WANTED—Six waiters, one head cook, advertising man, manager furnishing goods house, domestic salesman, two painters, hotel clerk, traveling salesman, mechanics' lathe work, boiler makers, ship carpenter, ranch foreman. 1018 Washington st.

EMPLOYERS gladly pay the girls' office fees at the Clerks' Exchange, 1018 Washington st., to get reliable help.

WANTED—Four good cooks, German or Swedish. 1018 Washington st.

WANTED—Five nurse girls at 1018 Washington st., rooms 6 and 7.

WANTED—Waitress and chambermaid; country hotel. 1018 Washington st., rooms 6 and 7.

WANTED—Ten girls for general housework; best homes in Oakland. 1018 Washington st.

PHYSICIANS' DIRECTORY.

D. D. CROWLEY, M. D., surgeon; office Central block, 1062 Broadway, Oakland.

REAL ESTATE.

THE FAMOUS
ADAMS POINT PROPERTY
—In the—
HEART OF OAKLAND.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

We announce the offering the the first subdivision of the famous "Adams Point Property."

Thousands all over the State have picnicked under and admired the magnificent old oaks during the past forty years on this property. All the streets are graded, curbed, sewered and macadamized; cement walks are now being laid; ornamental shade trees will be planted; in fact, every lot free of cost to purchasers; gas and water pipes are laid on both sides of every street; this property is surrounded by the residences of Senator George C. Perkins, Chas. M. Cooke, Frank C. Havens, W. W. Whitman, R. George Zahn, Chas. Olney, A. F. Coffin, E. P. Flint, John L. Howard and many other fine homes; a combination of lake, bay, hill and city views such as no other property commands; lots are from 130 to 160 feet deep; no improvements of a less value than $3,000 allowed; prices from $20 to $40 per front foot; special prices and special terms will be made with the first twenty purchasers.

Call at once while you can have the best selection.

Carriages to show the property always ready. Send for illustrated souvenir containing views on and about the property.

LAKE SHORE LAND CO.
A. H. BREED, Manager, 1070 Broadway, Oakland.

THE E. P. VANDERCOOK CO.
458 NINTH STREET.

$1,200—On Adeline st.; 200x100 feet; this property is worth $2,500, present prices; must be sold this week.

Come in and make us an offer on a lot 50x125, on west side of Market st. near Twenty-sixth st.; no reasonable offer refused. (1292)

$800—New two story house of four rooms; lot 50 feet front; in the Alden tract; two blocks to car line each way; worth $1,200; terms to suit.

$3,200—A perfect gem; just finished; complete in every respect; two story, nine rooms, pantry, wash room, cement cellar, south front; lot 50x160; above grade; close to car line; street work complete; all ready for occupancy; very cheap; easy terms. (1509)

We are offering lots in the Central Land Co.'s tract, situated bet. Thirty-first and Thirty-sixth sts., Telegraph ave. and Market st.; street work complete; at from $12 to $23 per foot; easy terms; sizes to suit; will also build to suit purchaser. The prices on this property have been reduced from one-third to one-half in order to close out the remaining lots in this tract at once.

THE E. P. VANDERCOOK CO.
458 NINTH STREET.

FOR SALE.
FOR SALE.

BUSINESS PROPERTY.
BUSINESS PROPERTY — To Close An Estate.
$195 PER FOOT
$195 PER FOOT.

One block from Broadway.
100 feet south from Twelfth st.
Lot 62½x100 feet.
Two buildings, two stories each.

—Apply to—
E. W. WOODWARD, 966 Broadway.
Or W. B. HARDY.
For ten days only.

BERKELEY BARGAINS.

A new, modern six room house, fine finish, $2,100.

Another of seven rooms, nearly new and very comfortable, $1,750.

But, best of all, an elegant new ten room house, on large lot, for $3,500.

All of these places are handy to electric cars and local stations, and can be had on easy terms.

O. G. MAY & Co., Real Estate Dealers, 2123 Center st., Berkeley.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A bright, intelligent boy, 14 to 16 years old; will be given an opportunity to learn a good business; must be willing to work for three months without wages. Address, with references, C. G., box 2, this office.

WANTED—Cheap painter for cheap job. C. B. Willis, Oakland.

WANTED—Furniture and carpet salesman. 1018 Washington st.

WANTED—Two bartenders, three cooks. 1018 Washington st.

WANTED—Man and wife for ranch. 1018 Washington st., rooms 8 and 9.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

BARTENDER would like situation tending bar; steady and reliable. Address J. B. D., 807 Washington st.

GARDENER, competent in all branches of gardening, green houses, rustic work; understands care of horses and carriages; best of references. Address A., Diamond P. O., Alameda Co., Cal.

MEDICAL.

A SURE, safe and speedy cure for all female diseases, from whatever cause; a home in confinement, with best possible care, with the privacy of a home and the conveniences of a hospital; those who are sick or discouraged should call on the doctor and state their case; they will find in her a true friend; all consultations free and absolutely confidential; a positive cure for the liquor, morphine and tobacco habit; every case guaranteed. Mrs. Dr. Gwyer, 228 Turk, San Francisco.

A BLESSING to ladies suffering from irregularities and diseases peculiar to their sex; latest improved method of treatment; never fails; perfectly harmless; free from any bad effects; never makes them sick to make them well; travelers helped immediately; prices to suit the times; home in confinement. Dr. and Mrs. Davies, 59 McAllister st., corner McAllister st.; consult free. French regulating pink pills, $2.

DR. C. C. O'DONNELL—Office and residence, 1206 Market st., San Francisco; office hours, 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., and 7 to 8 P. M.; particular attention paid to diseases of women and children.

THE Y. M. C. A. WILL CELEBRATE.

A Novel Programme Is Provided for Next Thursday Evening.

On next Thursday evening the nineteenth anniversary of the Young Men's Christian Association will be celebrated in the Auditorium of the First Congregational Church. Elaborate preparations have been made by the trustees for this occasion, and a very novel and interesting time is promised. The old custom of reading heavy reports and making long speeches will be supplanted by a new one. The whole evening will be devoted to concert.

The Knickerbocker Quartette of San Francisco, the orchestra of the First Methodist Church, and the Volunteer Vested Choir of the Church of the Advent have been employed to make the evening a pleasurable one. Admission is absolutely free. No children will be admitted.

THE STAMP ORDINANCE IS NULL AND VOID

Judge Allen Follows Supreme Court Decisions.

Discharges the Dealers Arrested Under Its Terms.

IT CHECKS PERSONAL RIGHTS.

The Court Says Merchants Are at Liberty to Give Bonuses.

Judge Allen this morning discharged the merchants arrested under the stamp ordinance and declared the measure void.

He rendered the following opinion:

"The defendants in these cases are charged with having violated ordinance No. 1374 by selling and giving away as an inducement for the purchase of goods, wares and merchandise, a ticket, stamp, coupon and thing, entitling the holder thereof to a gift, reward and prize. Defendants Curnow and Messmer ask that they be dismissed on the ground that the ordinance itself is void.

"The complaint is silent on the element of chance.

"The ordinance is a prohibitory measure, and its legal existence depends upon the right of the Council to impose upon the business of an individual and the use of his property the restrictions it ordains.

"This authority, if it exists, is an exercise of the police powers vested in local governments by the constitution of the State.

"The police power is the right which governments exercise in passing laws for the protection of the health, morals and safety of society.

"Are the prohibited acts injurious to either? Making a gift or giving a reward or prize, is a harmless act and cannot become more dangerous to the public health, public safety or public morals, if it is made a condition for the benefit or purported benefit of a purchaser.

"It was a common law offense to buy up large quantities of corn, etc., with the intention of selling them at a large profit, to raise the price of goods by buying merchandise on its way to market, or dissuading parties from bringing their goods there. These offenses were known by the terms of engrossing and forestalling. The law at the present time is against the combination of capital for the purchase of all of a particular article; the establishment of trusts for the purpose of unnecessarily advancing the price of necessary products. These are provisions for the benefit of the consumer, enacted to protect him from the unjust demands which aggregate capital may impose upon him.

"The law of this ordinance would be the very reverse of the former situation. It practically says that in connection with the purchase the consumer shall not receive an additional benefit. The law has usually favored consumers in its protective measures, and interfered to prevent extortion by the various methods of cornering the markets particularly in the necessaries of life. Merchants and trades people do not need the interposition of the law to prevent them from lowering prices to their own ruination.

"It is not, therefore to be presumed that for the benefit of the public health, safety or morals, prices are to be kept up.

"It was suggested in argument that this ordinance was framed particularly to prevent the use of green stamps, which are possessed by a portion of the merchants and trades people. The manner of dealing in these stamps is generally well known. But this ordinance does not confine itself to any particular business. Its terms are broad and general. It prohibits making a gift as an inducement to a sale. It matters little what method may be used, whether by the issuance of a ticket to the purchaser entitling him to a gift or whether the gift is direct: it is readily realized that the gift is the moving force in the inducement, and consequently the thing the ordinance is intended to affect.

"Section 1146 et seq. of the Civil Code defines gifts and establish the law respecting them.

"Where a power is reposed in a municipal body it has the right to exercise that power to its fullest extent. If the Council has the right to say that gifts shall not be made under certain conditions, it has the right to prohibit them. This would be virtually holding that it may repeal the sections of the Civil Code which makes gifts lawful. The exercise of the authority attempted in this ordinance would be in conflict with general law. The ordinance would be void for this reason alone, if for no other. It is an unwarranted interference with personal liberty and property rights, and was so held by the Supreme Court of the state of New York."

QUICK ACTION AVERTS A FIRE.

Dr. W. H. Simmons of the Canning block narrowly averted a serious fire yesterday afternoon by his timely action.

He was using a small alcohol lamp in heating some gold leaf, when a sudden guest of wind from the open window drove the flame into the lace curtains hanging close by. The doctor quickly tore them from their fastenings and trampled them under his feet, but this was very painful inasmuch as the fire crept up his clothing and along the carpet. Two buckets of water were hastily procured, and the blaze extinguished.

But for the quick action, a conflagration would doubtless have endangered the whole block.

Will Not Disband.

The Builders' Exchange will not disorganize, so J. G. White, a member of the Board of Directors, says. The reason for the change of quarters was that it was found advisable to do so by reason of the decreased revenue of the organization, making it necessary to decrease the expense by getting smaller apartments. The new location is immediately back of the Pierce hardware store.

The Exchange will be carried on the same as before. Secretary Bridgman will, as usual, attend to the business.

POLICE COURT NEWS.

John Fraites, the Portuguese, arrested by citizen Thompson for committing an indecent offense, and charged with battery, was sentenced by Judge Allen in the Police Court this morning to serve thirty days in the City Prison.

The case of Robert Earlston, arrested on a charge of petit larceny for stealing a cornet from a man named Robinson last October, was continued until tomorrow to allow the prisoner to plead.

Charles Hailey, a healthy beggar, was given the sentence of thirty days in the City Prison.

William and Louis Silven, the youths arrested for malicious mischief, had their cases continued until March 11th.

William Rauch, the young butcher, who was arrested on the complaint of his mother and sister Sunday afternoon, was found guilty of the charge this morning, and Judge Allen set tomorrow as the date of sentence.

J. M. HEINOLD SEEKS A DIVORCE.

He Brings Grave Accusations Against His Wife.

She Has Long Since Deserted Home and Her Better Half.

John Michael Heinold this morning filed complaint against his wife, Christine Marie Heinold, suing her for divorce. This action on the part of the husband is the sequel to a long period of domestic infelicities and matrimonial woes which culminated not long since in the publishing of the following notice: "My wife, Christine Heinold, having left my bed and board, I do hereby refuse to pay any debts contracted by her. J. M. HEINOLD."

Mr. Heinold is a man very widely known as the keeper of the old water front saloon which has held forth at the foot of Webster street for nearly twenty years. He is popular with a large number of men and does a very brisk business. About fourteen years ago he met his present wife, who was a domestic in a private family, but who purported to spring from royal blood and showed many favorable characteristics. Heinold was at that time conducting his saloon and had already drawn a paying business. In the course of five years five children were born to the couple, two of whom died. Even at that time Mr. Heinold declared that if proper motherly care had been given to the children they might still be living.

As time sped on, the domestic relations became more and more strained; the wife became reckless and the husband angry. The children were gradually falling from grace, in the mother's eyes and even their physical and temporal wants were neglected. Mr. Heinold states that he always has given his wife $40 per month to supply merely the incidental expenses of herself and children, but that she confiscated this for her own personal use; leaving the little ones to suffer. Mr. Heinold further declares that matters grew from bad to worse, and instead of his wife repenting of her wicked ways and caring for the home, she did quite the contrary.

On December 15th, 1897, Mrs. Heinold packed up her effects and left the home declaring that she was tired of a married life and desired her freedom. Accordingly she went to 528 Twenty-second street where she is now engaged as a domestic. Mr. Heinold declares that the woman to his knowledge has for years been unfaithful to the marriage vows, has neglected her children, has forsaken her home, and has kept the company of questionable men. These accusations, combined under the head of extreme cruelty and adultery, Mr. Heinold has placed against the name of his wife, and on these grounds he will ask a divorce.

Sanderson, Davidson and Davis will prosecute the matter, while Judge Gibson will attend to the defendant's interests. It is said that this case will not be ventilated through the courts, but that the attorneys will require that it be done in the privacy of the Judge's chamber.

RUSSIA WILL FIGHT.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

BERLIN, March 8.—A dispatch to the Tageblatt today from Pekin says Russia has definitely leased Port Arthur and Talien Wan for ninety-nine years. It is added that Russia is determined to carry the Siberian railroad to Port Arthur whether China consents or not.

DEATH FROM ASPHYXIATION.

The Coroner's Jury Declares the Babe Found at the Alameda Mole Was Killed.

The coroner's jury reported last evening that the infant found near the narrow-gauge pier last Sunday died from asphyxiation, but whether from drowning or strangling it was impossible to determine.

It is the opinion of Dr. Olmstead, who examined the lungs of the babe, that it was two or three days old at the time of death.

Slashed With an Axe.

Andrew Bangs caused the arrest of Thomas Kearney in Alameda yesterday for striking him with an axe. Both men own cows and pasture them on a vacant lot. Bangs, who is a cripple, put his cows in the lots first yesterday morning, and Kearney abused him because of it. An altercation ensued in which it is alleged that Kearney slashed Bangs with an axe.

The well known and celebrated Eagle Brand liqueurs and cordials at Theo. Gier Co., sole agt.

IMPROVEMENTS ORDERED BY THE CITY COUNCIL.

A Number of treets to Be Remacadamized at Once.

Edson F. Adams' Offer to Open Fallon Street.

THE GARBAGE CREMATORY AGAIN.

Protest Against a Saloon Near Grove and Twenty-Sixth Streets.

A considerable amount of routine business was transacted at the meeting of the Council last night. All the members were present. Among the detail work may be enumerated the following:

The following communications were read and acted upon:

From C. D. Heyes, H. N. Morse, and M. J. Bleul, commissioners offering deeds required for the opening of Twelfth avenue. Street Committeee.

From J. J. Johnson et al for the change of grade of East Eighteenth street between Fourth and Fifth avenues. Street Committee.

RESOLUTIONS.

The following resolutions were acted upon:

Paying John Foster, a Fire Department driver, wages during a period of time, during which it was said Foster ought to have been able to have attended to his affairs. Street Committee.

Paying claims audited by the Auditing Committee. Adopted.

Paying the bill of L. Franender, $250, for forty park benches. Referred to the Board of Public Works, because the work had to be contracted for.

Paying the claim of Louis Walk, of $40, driver of Hose No. 3. Adopted.

Providing $100 with which to establish temporary quarters for Engine No. 3 while a permanent house is being erected. Adopted.

Grading, curbing and macadamizing Third street from Grove to Telegraph avenue. Adopted.

Sidewalking East Eighteenth street from Eighth avenue to Tenth avenue. Adopted.

Denying the protest of Doane, Dameron & Co. for the improving of Webster street. Adopted.

Directing the Superintendent of Streets to remove an elm and locust tree at 1506 Ninth street. Adopted.

Directing the Board of Public Works to improve the approach to Independence Square. Adopted.

Directing the Superintendent of Streets to notify property owners on the east line of Adeline street between Nineteenth and Twentieth streets to lay a cement sidewalk. Adopted.

Directing the Superintendent of Streets to remove gum trees from the south side of Twelfth street adjacent to the dam, and on Tenth avenue and East Fifteenth street. Adopted.

Authorizing the City Engineer to improve Eleventh street between Franklin and Webster streets and Fourteenth street between Broadway and Franklin street by a bituminous rock pavement. Adopted.

Instructing the Superintendent of Streets to construct bituminous crosswalk at Eleventh avenue and East Fifteenth street, Fourth avenue and East Fifteenth street, and San Pablo avenue and Sixteenth street. Adopted.

Awarding the contract for sewering Fourteenth street from Adeline to a point 216 feet west of Magnolia street to A. E. Beckett. Adopted.

Awarding the contract for the sewering of East Nineteenth street from Seventeenth to Eighteenth avenues. Adopted.

Awarding to the same contractor the job of sewering Sixth street from Broadway to Washington street. Adopted.

Instructing the City Engineer to prepare a resolution of intention to grade, curb and macadamize College avenue. Referred to the Street Committee.

Directing the Street Superintendent to have bituminous crosswalks built at Fourteenth and Filbert, Magnolia, Union, Poplar, Kirkham and Center streets. Adopted.

Allowing the claim of James Ayres for $37.50 as temporary driver of Engine No. 1. Adopted.

Granting the use of City Council chamber to the civil service examiners for March 16th, 1898. Adopted.

Awarding the contract for the sewering of East Tenth street from Sixth avenue to a point 150 feet easterly to A. E. Beckett. Adopted.

Fixing the bond of the Superintendent of Streets at $1,000. Adopted.

Authorizing the Board of Public Works to direct the Street Superintendent ta lay bituminized crosswalks on Twenty-first and Grove streets, Twenty-fifth and Grove street and Twenty-ninth and West streets. Adopted.

Approving the bonds of the commissioners for the opening of Tenth avenue from East Twenty-second street to East Twenty-fourth street. Adopted.

Adopting the specifications for the improving of East Fourteenth street. Adopted.

Directing the City Engineer to establish the grade of Third avenue from East Sixteenth to East Eighteenth streets. Adopted.

Directing the City Engineer to establish the grade on Valdez street from Twenty-fourth to Twenty-sixth street. Adopted.

Directing the drafting of a resolution of intention for the improving of Fifth street between Broadway and Washington streets with bituminous rock. Adopted.

Directing the Superintendent of Streets to cut down an elm tree at 560 Hobart street. Indefinitely postponed.

Directing the same officer to have bituminous crosswalks built at Twenty-ninth and West, Twenty-fifth and Grove, and Twenty-first and Grove streets. Street Committee.

Describing specifications for remacadamizing. Street Committee.

Instructing the City Engineer to draft a resolution of intention to pave with redwood blocks Second street between Webster street and Broadway. Street Committee.

RESOLUTIONS OF INTENTION.

The following resolutions were acted upon:

Instructing the City Treasurer to have the necessary transfer of funds made. Indefinitely postponed.

Changing the salary from $85 to $100 per month for the engineer of the same machine. Indefinitely postponed.

Instructing the City Engineer to furnish metes and boundaries for property proposed to be purchased for park purposes, surveys to be made at a cost not to exceed $150.

To curb Union street from Thirty-second to Peralta street. Adopted.

Grading Cedar street from Seventh street to the right of way of the C. P. R. R. Adopted.

Sewering Elm street and Hawthorne avenue. Adopted.

Remacadamizing Jefferson street between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets. Street Committee.

EDSON ADAMS' OFFER.

A resolution accepting the offer of Edson F. Adams to improve fifteen feet on the north side of Twelfth street to the dam was read.

Mr. Cuvellier said that he understood Mr. Adams had also agreed to open Fallon street and grade the same, but that no reference to that fact appeared in the resolution. He suggested that the resolution should be sent back to the committee so that the proposition as to the improvement of Fallon street could be embodied in it. It was so ordered.

THE ANGELLI SALOON.

The disturbing question of a saloon on Grove street near Twenty-sixth street then came up again, in the form of a protest from C. A. Littlefield and others against the granting of a permit to the opening of a liquor place in that vicinity.

Mr. Brosnahan said: "This matter has already been referred to the License Committee, and I do not see the necessity of making a reference the second time."

The clerk then read a communication signed by a number of persons praying that Angelli might be given a license to run a saloon in that neighborhood, as he was a good and reliable man.

The matter was made the special order for 8:30 o'clock at the next meeting of the Council.

PAVING WEBSTER STREET.

An ordinance amending the ordinance for the paving of Webster street from Fourth to First street was read the first time.

Mr. Wahtkinson said that the only change which the measure made in the original ordinance was that it provided that the money for the work should come out of the street fund instead of out of the general fund. The rules were suspended, the ordinance was read a second time and passed to print.

RIDING IN COMFORT.

Councilman Rowe introduced an ordinance providing that the fronts of street cars shall be closed with glass so that employes and patrons may be protected from inclement weather, and providing also a fine of $100 for a violation of the requirement. The ordinance was read a first time and referred to the Ordinance and Judiciary Committee.

REPORTS.

The report of the city wharfinger showed that official had collected $360.90 during February. Filed.

The report of the chief of police showed that 2464 meals had been furnished prisoners during February at a total cost of $126.28, or at the rate of 5¼ cents per meal. Filed.

The protest of W. G. Henshaw against certain improvements was made the special order of the next meeting of the Council for 9 o'clock.

The report of the bailiff of the Police Court showed that $308 had been collected during the month.

The city wharfinger reported the collections for his office amounting to $360.95.

CREMATORY.

Mr. Rowe wanted to know if the crematory company had not been granted an extension of time of sixty days in which to settle with the city. If such were the case the limit had been reached.

The clerk said that he also understood that it was ninety days.

Mr. Pringle said that he understood that the time was ninety days.

The question was then laid over for thirty days.

STREET WORK.

Street work was ordered as follows: Remacadamizing Chester street between Seventh and Ninth streets; Fifth street, between Washington and Market; Myrtle, from Eighth to Tenth; East Fourteenth, from First avenue to Thirteenth avenue; Twelfth street, from Clay to Market; Tenth, from Center to Kirkham; Eighth, from Franklin to the Eighth street bridge; Seventeenth street, from San Pablo avenue to Grove; Ninth street, between Kirkham and Chester; Kirkham, between Eighth and Twelfth.

LIQUOR LICENSES

Liquor licenses were granted for one year to F. Bieder, 809 East Fourteenth street; Henry Dierks, 470 Twelfth street; M. T. Conway, 964 Washington street; C. Kley, 1007 Kirkham; W. M. Kent, 457 Twelfth; Theo. Gier, 915 Washington; P. Kisich, 468 Twelfth; S. Morris, 1072 Broadway.

PETITIONS.

The following petitions were disposed of:

From Mrs. Rose Dittmar, for a sewer on Thirtieth street from Filbert to Linden. Streets Committee.

From M. Marl, for the sewering of Twenty-fourth street from Eleventh avenue to Twelfth avenue. Street Committee.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and State aforesaid, and that the said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.
FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.
(Seal) A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

MAISON DE L'OPERA.

The service and cuisine of this well known restaurant is first class. Private rooms for ladies or parties. Large banquet hall. Macdonough Bldg. Tel. 841.

Bay City Flour—Best and cheapest.

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Oakland Tribune

PUBLISHED DAILY (Sunday excepted)

—at—

413, 415 and 417 EIGHTH STREET

—by the—

TRIBUNE PUBLISHING COMPANY.

WILLIAM E. DARGIE, President.

Delivered by Carrier

AT FIFTY CENTS PER MONTH.

ONR EASTERN OFFICE.

The Eastern Office of The Tribune is located at 220 Temple Court Building, New York City. Complete files of The Tribune may be found there. Visitors always welcome. E. KATZ, Manager.

AMUSEMENTS.

Macdonough—"Shall We Forgive Her?"
Oakland—"Too Much Tomkins."
Oakland Race Track—Races today.
Baldwin—"Rip Van Winkle."
Tivoli—"The Geisha."
Columbia—Primrose & West.
Alcazar—"A Gilded Fool."
Orpheum—Specialties.
Morosco's—"The Woman in Black."

UNION LABEL TYPOGRAPHICAL OAKLAND No. 36

Weather Forecast.

Weather forecasts for thirty-six hours ending 5 P. M. Pacific time Wednesday: Northern California: Fair tonight, Wednesday probably partly cloudy; cooler in the north portion tonight; fresh, generally northwest wind.

Southern California: Partly cloudy tonight, Wednesday fair; fresh, generally northerly wind.

TUESDAY.....MARCH 8, 1898.

The burglars who are now plying in Oakland are using skeleton keys with which to get into doctors' offices. That's appropriate enough.

The gun clubs have started up their season again and the various ranges will all be kept lively on Saturday and Sunday afternoons from now on. Some of those sharpshooters may come in handy now that these war clouds are drifting about.

The Ohio Legislature is handling a bill proposing that all matrimonial candidates shall submit to an examination before being given a license to marry. They will require that bribery-investigating committee in session all the time if a measure such as that goes through.

William Bellamy is the name of an individual who made a record at the Oakland City Prison Sunday by succeeding in getting himself arrested for drunkenness twice in one day. In view of his name, it might be thought that the second jag was occasioned by "Looking Backwards."

Young Leiter expects to get $1.50 for each of those 25,000,000,000 bushels of wheat he bought at 90 cents. The bears say he is bluffing, but it looks as if he is holding four aces on them, for his position is unquestionably growing firmer each day. A clean-up of $15,000,000 is a big stake to play for.

The editor of the Napa Journal has been reading a German scientific work and announces that a translation of it shows that the estimated population are calculated at sixty-seven per minute and the births at seventy per minute. It will be noticed that in his general total he has the 400 all by themselves.

There is a good local end to this national prosperity we hear so much about. Collector Jackson of San Francisco reports that the customs receipts for February exceeded by $3,000,000 of the earth 1,479,729,400. The deaths those of any corresponding month since 1893. The increase over February, 1897, was $188,000 or about sixty per cent.

"To New York, first-class, $40; second-class, $30," is the legend displayed in the windows of railroad offices across the bay now that the rate war is on. This is certainly tempting enough, but people who are already here, like California too well to quit the State at any price. If the cut-rates were westbound instead of east-bound, then the war would do us some good.

That there are to be no more delays about the construction of the Widows' and Orphans' Masonic Home at Decoto is shown by the fact that the contract has been let, under conditions calling for the completion of the buildings by October 1st. The sum of $33,600 is to be spent on putting up the structure, so there is no doubt that it will be an added attraction to Alameda county.

Chamberlain's dream of a federation for Australia is evidently on the eve of materialization, late advices from the Colonies showing that the project is immensely popular throughout the country. England is certainly pursuing a wise policy as regards her colonies nowadays, for in allowing them to govern themselves and only holding a nominal suzerainty over them a thousand per cent more loyalty results than under the old system of direct rule from Great Britain. The experience she had with Master Jonathan in 1776 opened her eyes to the fact that her children occasionally get more powerful than their mother country.

The record of the road work done under the direction of the present Board of Supervisors shows that the members thereof have been alive to the interests of the people in every direction. It has long been an accepted fact that our county roads discount the city's highways one hundred per cent, the difference being so noticeable that in most cases the boundary line of Oakland can be traced by the condition of the highway on either side of it. As regards the improvements made on the county roads no money could be spent more acceptably to the tax-payers, for good thoroughfares mean added facilities for the farmers in the matter of transporting their products.

THE DEMAND ABOUT LEE.

Aside from the probabilities of the cause of the disaster to the Maine there is no doubt that the most ominous incident in connection with the trouble we have been having with Spain was the request by that country for the withdrawal of Consul-General Lee from Cuba. It came, too, at a time when but a little fanning would start a flame that could end in naught else but war, for the American people are pretty well worked up already on the issue, and it would take but little to force on the strife that has been so long threatening.

President McKinley acted in the matter with a promptness that shows how he stands on the entire question. There is no disputing the international right Spain possesses to declare the representative of a foreign power non persona grata, and although there was no particular reason in one way why that right should not be exercised at this time, on the other hand to concede it would mean the acceptance by America of what would be practically an insult. Consul-General Lee's attitude and work since taking up the office he now holds shows emphatically that he is the right man for the place. A typical American in thought, word and deed, he never gives an inch that should not be granted and the personal fearlessness with which he has faced the various Spanish policies that have been attempted in the island during his stay there shows that he does not allow his principles to be subserved by any outside influence.

The best proof of how Lee is regarded at Washington is shown by the fact that although he is a Democrat, he has been continued by a Republican administration as a thorough representative of its policy. In his entire dispensation of patronage Cleveland did no act better than when he sent Fitzhugh Lee to Cuba, and it is one of the few things the country has occasion to be grateful to him for. Democrats and Republicans alike honor and esteem her and had McKinley for a moment entertained the thought of acceding to Spain's request a general storm of indignation would have followed that would have been dangerous to the Republican party.

The President, though, has a knack of doing the right thing at the right time and his firm stand in the matter followed by the complete backing-down of Spain in the withdrawal of her request is another victory for the administration. It is an evidence, too, of how thoroughly Spain realizes that she cannot afford to get into any open wrangle with the United States and is such a sign of weakness that it is now certain that she will almost eat humble pie before she will affect hostilities with us. Our whole affair with Spain is now in its most critical stages, and if the next thirty days pass by without any infraction of the peace it is safe to say that our cruisers will be able to take off their war clothes for awhile.

Those who manage the theatrical affairs of the Coast should try and arrange it so that there would be a diversity of attractions rather than having them come in solid blocks. For instance, Oakland has not been visited by a minstrel troupe for over a year, when along comes three companies of black-faced artists on each other's heels. The same thing has been noticeable here on other occasions with the other varieties of attractions. No tragedy is given for several months and then there is a surfeit of it by three or four companies after which the same thing occurs with farce-comedies or emotional plays. These road companies should try to arrange matters with each other so that they would sandwich in their attractions and thus give that variety which is the spice of all things, especially those theatrical.

An Old World duel has actually resulted in a death at last, and there is great consternation in the ranks of the Continental fighting squadron. Although it is true that the tragic termination of the meeting was the result of an accident, the victim suffocating from the congulation of blood in his throat caused by a wound in his mouth, at the same time, it has awakened those who follow the "code of honor" to the fact that there really is danger in their set-to's. The result will probably be that they will fight with buttons on their rapier points hereafter, or else, as in Germany, the combatants will be encased in leather jerkins and wear masks and gloves so that it will be impossible for them to hurt one another.

The author of "Quo Vadis" has returned to his European home from a brief tour in this country, and that he is suffering from an enlargement of the head is shown by the silly stories he is telling of how the American women fell at his feet and worshipped him. One of his most idiotic attempts in this direction is the narration of how one society woman on whom he called asked him to let her hold his hands during his stay in her drawing-room. Possibly, though, this may have been occasioned by her desire to make sure that he wouldn't pocket anything that did not belong to him.

That human life is thought too little of on this coast is shown by the bloody crime committed in San Francisco Sunday when an attache of one of the Superior Courts there deliberately shot down a man and a woman for a trivial offense. The pistol-wielder, by the way, was a member of the staff in Judge Dahrs' court, the one in which Durrant faced his doom, and seeing the procrastinating ways of justice, doubtless considered he was not running much of a risk anyhow.

The appointment of Congressman Bowers as Collector of Customs at San Diego removes him from the arena in which it was figured he might be a candidate to succeed himself and makes the running look easier for Editor Pillsbury of the Tulare Register. Senator Smith of Bakersfield is also being mentioned for the nomination, but he will doubtless give way to Pillsbury and be satisfied with succeeding himself in the Legislature.

The acquittal of Figel was nothing more than was expected. Whenever any one charged with murder is released on bail after preliminary examination it is almost a thousand to one that he will never mount the scaffold. From the very first it was certain that there was nothing directly connecting Figel with Hoffman's murder, although it is true that there were many suspicious circumstances relating to side issues that demanded a clearing up.

It is announced that an attempt to organize a liars' club in Oroville the other day failed for lack of eligibles. If those canvassers had gone to work the right way, though, there would have been no scarcity of material—for instance, they might have gone around quietly and tried to borrow money from their friends. That maneuver would have brought about a large enough crop of prevaricators.

What an opportunity those pugilists who are so assiduously searching the country over for a fight nowadays will have if war should break out with Cuba, but oh, how few of them could be found if they were wanted. Even the "pride of the navy," Mr. Thomas Sharkey, would doubtless think twice before returning to his old quarters in the forecastle and offering to strike a blow for his adopted country.

JAPAN NOW MAKES THREATS.

Will Not Allow Russia to Help Herself to China.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

PEKIN, Mar. 8.—The Russian demands from China has caused the greatest excitement at the Japanese Legation and the Japanese Minister has had several interviews with the officials of the Tsung Li Yamen, the Chinese Foreign Office, urging the rejection of the Russian demands. In addition, it is reported that Japan has threatened to take vigorous action if the demands of Russia are conceded.

FEDERAL APPOINTMENTS.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

WASHINGTON, Mar. 8.—The President sent these nominations to the Senate:

William J. Calhoun, Illinois, to be an Inter-State Commerce Commissioner.

Navy—Past Assistant Paymaster Thompson to be a paymaster. Past Assistant Paymaster Harry W. Sullivan to be Paymaster. Samuel Bryan of the District of Columbia to be an Assistant Paymaster.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

Miss Mabel Yates has been spending a few days in Niles.

Judge Ogden and family are once more residing in their home on Alice street.

George D. Metcalf is at present at Ventura.

Senator Eli A. Denison has been spending a few days in Sacramento.

George A. Taylor and his son, Will Taylor, of 1227 Park avenue, Alameda, expect to leave next Saturday for Korea.

Miss Agnes Brodie of Angels Camp is visiting Miss Amy Heywood of 1920 Grove street.

Charles F. Waymire of Sacramento is the guest of his parents, Judge and Mrs. Waymire.

Henry P. Chadbourne of Pleasanton has left for the Klondike.

Miss Reta Waltenbough is visiting friends in Livermore.

Mrs. E. A. Lundy and Miss Leah Lundy, formerly of Santa Cruz and latterly of Oakland, have gone to Adelaide, Australia, to reside permanently. Dr. Lundy will join them later on.

Miss Mabel L. Williams of San Francisco has recently been visiting her cousin, Miss Edith R. Williams, of Oakland.

E. D. Farish of Oakland has returned from a visit to Oregon and Washington.

Mrs. C. L. Houghton of Pacific Grove is passing several weeks with friends in Oakland.

Mrs. George Chittenden has returned to Santa Cruz after a visit to friends in Oakland.

Mr. and Mrs. F. de Gomez have returned to Auburn after an extended visit in Oakland.

Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Curtiss of East Oakland are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Sill at Sillvington.

Thomas J. Kirk, the Superintendent of Schools of Fresno county is visiting the Oakland School Department.

Mr. and Mrs. George North and Miss Maude North, who have been spending the winter in Oakland, have returned to their home in Winters.

The marriage of Miss Nellie Filer, only daughter of M. P. Filer of Glendora, to Harry D. M. Wilson of Alameda, is to take place on April 12th.

Will Jewett, a talented University man of the class of '94, Berkeley, who has been studying art in Paris, is now at Rome and has been doing some very creditable work in sculpture.

Mrs. W. A. Dennis of Nevada City is visiting in Alameda.

Thomas Casey has returned to Marysville after a week's visit in this city.

A. E. Leech of Sonoma has moved with his family to Oakland to reside.

Dr. F. C. Peirsol, son of ex-City Attorney Peirsol, is now settled in Mendocino.

Deputy Tax Collector Charles F. Cole is seriously ill at his home with the grip. He contracted a slight cold, which he neglected until it terminated with serious results.

Hood's Pills

Cure all liver ills, biliousness, headache, sour stomach, indigestion, constipation. They act easily, without pain or gripe. Sold by all druggists. 25 cents. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

MAGICALLY EFFECTIVE TREATMENT FOR WEAK MEN OF ALL AGES

FREE TO ALL MEN

NO MONEY IN ADVANCE. Wonderful appliance and scientific remedies sent on trial to any reliable man. A world-wide reputation back of this offer. Every obstacle to happy married life removed. Full strength, development and tone given to every portion of the body. Failure impossible; age no barrier.

No C. O. D. scheme.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., 64 NIAGARA ST. BUFFALO, N. Y.

QUEEN VICTORIA HAS A COLD.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

LONDON, Mar. 8.—All kinds of exaggerated rumors were in circulation today regarding Queen Victoria's health, but apparently she is only suffering from a slight cold.

The report on the stock exchange that international complications have caused the departure of her Majesty caused a brief semi-panic in the consol market.

POSTPONED HER TRIP.

WINDSOR, Eng., Mar. 8.—The departure of Queen Victoria for Nice tomorrow has been postponed, owing to her indisposition. Her Majesty did not take her usual drive yesterday, and dined in her room yesterday evening.

The private secretary of the Queen, Sir Arthur Bigge, telegraphed at noon today in reply to inquiries on the subject, that the indisposition of her Majesty was not serious, and that she felt better today.

In spite of her indisposition, the Queen was able to hold a Privy Council yesterday, and it is now understood that her departure for the south of France has only been postponed for one day. The Queen drove out this afternoon.

STATE OF DRAMA IN THIS COUNTRY.

Prof. L. Dupont Syle Makes Interesting Comparisons in a Lecture.

BERKELEY, Mar. 8.—A lecture of more than transient interest was given yesterday afternoon by Professor L. Dupont Syle of the English Department of the University. The subject was "The Advantages and the Desirability of an Endowed Theater." The Professor compared the standard of dramatic productions found in Paris and Berlin theaters with that of the Baldwin and Columbia Theaters in San Francisco. During the season of 1896, nearly 1,000 performances of Shakespeare were given in Germany, in Paris during the month of December, 1896, one-third of the performances given were classic dramas. At the Baldwin last December, as the Professor wittily pointed out, there were ten performances, comprising "In Gay New York," and "The Jucklins." At the Columbia there were five performances of classic plays out of forty-eight.

"The reason for this," continued Professor Syle, "is that in France and Germany the drama is treated as fine art, in this country it is considered a mercantile business. The endowed theater would do away in the first place with the 'star' play; secondly, with the play where all the interest centers around a young and beautiful woman; thirdly, with the play which ends happily, for life is made up of sorrows as well as joys; fourthly, the comic relief would be suppressed; the child element as vulgarly shown in 'The Geisha,' would also be done away. Long runs would be abolished, for no actor improves by continued performance of the same part.

"There is now no inducement to literary men to produce dramas. By giving the drama a home, the best literary talent of the day would be engaged in playwriting."

The Alumni Association of the U. C. will meet Saturday evening, March 19th, at the Mark Hopkins Institute of Art in order to make arrangements for Alumni exercises at Berkeley on commencement day.

The Y. W. C. A. of the University is making elaborate preparations for a supper at Stiles Hall Thursday evening, to be served between the hours of 5 and 7.

The Student Congress of the U. C. will debate the question, "Resolved, That the 'mile limit' law should be repealed." Newmark, Christensen, Bond and Goodcell support the affirmative, Hohfeld, Tully, Brickley, and Downe the negative.

The Longfellow Memorial Association will meet Thursday evening at the home of Professor Wickson.

The Hicks-Judd Company of San Francisco has presented the University library with 115 volumes.

A number of Farmers' Institutes are being held this week in the Salinas valley for the benefit of the Salvation Army colonists.

A MINISTER IN TROUBLE.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

YOKOHAMA, Mar. 8.—The Corean Cabinet, it is understood here, will impeach the Foreign Minister of Corea for leasing Deer Island to Russia.

Jackman Released.

The case of C. H. Jackman, who was arrested for vagrancy some time ago, came up in the Police Court this morning before Judge Allen. Jackman asked for a jury trial on his arrest which was granted. This morning he offered a very strong plea on his own behalf, having a number of witnesses for the defense. The jury brought in a verdict of not guilty.

Jackman has been looked upon as a suspicious character, possibly knowing a good deal about the recent robberies perpetrated in this city.

Prince Henry at Singapore.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

HONG KONG, Mar. 8.—Prince Henry of Prussia has arrived here from Singapore, and a number of dinners and receptions have been arranged in his honor.

E. C. Lyon, Furniture King, gives green trading stamps.

BRIDGE PLANS ARE ONCE MORE DISCUSSED.

Johnson & Peterson Ask Supervisors for Explanations.

Want to Know Why Their Plans Were Not Accepted.

For an hour this morning the Board of Supervisors listened to objections and vague charges made by Johnson & Peterson, the contractors, whose plans for the Webster street bridge were unsuccessful. Peterson, who was the spokesman, did not come out definitely with any objection, but was contented to wage his war behind the general assertion that his plans ought to have been accepted. He had nothing to say against Cotton Bros.' plans, which will probably be accepted, but announced that he believed his plans were fully equal to the proper construction of the bridge.

When Arthur Brown, who was appointed expert by the Supervisors, made his report, he recommended the adoption of Cotton Bros.' plans, declaring that Johnson & Peterson's plans did not comply with the specifications. The report was adopted by the Supervisors, who later rescinded their action when the story of the unsuccessful bidders' grievance reached their ears, and allowed Johnson & Peterson to tell why they were dissatisfied.

Arthur Brown explained briefly this morning why he did not recommend Johnson & Peterson's plans, and then Peterson aired his grievance.

"The weight necessary for the bridge was practically given in the advertisement for plans," said he. "We complied with the terms of the advertisement. If you have two bridges, one heavy enough and the other heavier and more expensive, I hold that the former is better, and therefore our plan is the best. We went by the advertisement in drawing up our plans. We were told that you were trying to get a bridge for $35,000 or $40,000. If we had known you were going to spend $60,000 for it, we would have put in that money."

"Where did you get your figures?" queried Supervisor Wells.

"From friends."

"Did you place your figures according to the advertisement or what your friends said?" asked Church.

"If we had known you were willing to put more money in the bridge, we would have put on more fancy work, and four instead of three iron piles," was Peterson's rather evasive answer. "I don't say Cotton Bros.' plans are not stronger and heavier, but ours are strong enough and we tried to make them in accordance with the advertisement."

"Have you found it customary to have explanations given why your contract has not been accepted when you were bidding on work?" sarcastically asked Church, who was temporary chairman.

"If we were the lowest bidders, undoubtedly yes," answered Peterson.

Peterson & Johnson's engineer was then heard, but his testimony was mainly the statement that he had not seen the expert's figures and was therefore unable to compare them with the figures he had compiled. Expert Brown then had something to say.

"Cotton Bros.' plans were according to the specifications," said he, "while Johnson & Peterson's figures do not agree. I am not running anybody's plans down, and I sent to Mr. Peterson several times in regard to his plans, and invited him to go over his figures with me. I called at his office and sent him a note."

Supervisor Mitchell then moved that the matter be taken under advisement, and Talcott seconded the motion.

"You ought to show why our plans are not right," insisted Peterson.

"Not at all, Mr. Peterson," answered District Attorney Snook. "You are here for that. This Board is an administrative body and gives out no information. If you can go into your plans and show their compliance, we are ready to listen."

"It is not the province of the Board to teach these gentlemen engineering," said Talcott, who called for the vote.

"Do you know which of the several plans Cotton Bros. entered we have accepted, Mr. Peterson?" asked Church.

"No."

"I will withdraw my second to that motion," said Talcott. "I have not fully understood the remarks. We are not supposed to pick up the quarrel between rival engineers. Still, we should hear the aggrieved parties if they desire to demonstrate their work."

"I will withdraw my motion," added Mitchell. "Mr. Brown has done his work to my entire satisfaction. Mr. Peterson can talk for hours, and I won't know any more about his plans when he gets through than I do now. I desire that he give his explanation to our representative."

"Mr. Mitchell's view coincides with my own in many points," said Talcott. "Mr. Brown has shown a disposition to be more than fair. I desired to ascertain what courtesies were shown to contractors. It has been said that we and our expert had not been fair, and if he can throw any light on this I am willing to hear Mr. Peterson."

"Mr. Brown gave everybody ample opportunity and notice," said Supervisor Roech. "Mr. Peterson says he got those figures on the expense from a member of the Board, but is unwilling to state who his informant was, and anyway the figures were not official."

"As Chairman, I will take this stand," declared Church. "If Mr. Peterson is not prepared to show he has been misrepresented and his figures misrepresented by Mr. Brown, I will refer the entire question to the Committee of the Whole." Mr. Church then read a newspaper interview with Peterson in which he criticized the Board and Mr. Brown. Peterson disclaimed the interview, but Church held that Peterson's own words showed that he had criticized the Board and Brown. Peterson again asked that he be shown why his plans were not correct.

"I am not willing to place such an indignity upon the expert," commenced Talcott.

Church held to his original ruling, and declared that Peterson must prove his plans. The latter then stated that he would withdraw his plans unless an explanation was given. Mitchell moved that he should be allowed to withdraw his plans, but later withdrew his motion, and the entire matter was again taken under advisement, and the Board adjourned to meet next Monday.

Plants for Schools.

A very excellent custom was inaugurated at the Central school recently by Master Car Repairer W. B. Ludlow of the Southern Pacific, when he donated twelve potted plants to be disposed of throughout the building. His example has been perpetuated by the scholars.

This plan has been in vogue in many Eastern schools.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure

LOOKS LIKE A FIENDISH CRIME

Wife Burned to Death and the Husband Arrested.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

DETROIT, Mich., March 8.—Mrs. Anna Parry, aged 36, was burned to death in the yard of her home. A policeman found the woman clad only in her night clothes, which were afire. She died before he could extinguish the flames. Her hair was burned off and the flesh roasted from her knees upward.

George M. Parry, her husband, has been arrested. He says he thought his wife arose early to start the kitchen fire, but there are no evidences of her having attempted this. The kerosene can was missing and there were drippings of oil down the back stairs.

OUR ERROR.

Wrong Number Published in the Lace House Drawing.

In last night's Tribune there was the list of the numbers drawn March 5th, for the $200 trip to New York given by the Lace House. The second number drawn was printed as being 1406C. It should have been 1406C. The correct list will be found in today's Tribune.

WOULD NOT PAY HIS POLL TAX.

Gee Nun, an Americanized Chinese, was arrested last evening by Deputy Assessor Ellsworth and Policeman Scanlon for refusing to give his name to Ellsworth, who was collecting the poll tax in Chinatown. Ellsworth claims that when he demanded the poll tax from Nun, the Chinese refused to give his name and started to run, but was overtaken by Ellsworth before he had gone far, and arrested and turned over to Officer Scanlon. At the City Prison he was released on the deposit of $20 bail.

Nun is well known to the police, having been arrested a number of times for conducting lotteries.

In the Police Court this morning, Nun demanded a jury trial, and Judge Allen set his case for March 28th.

E. C. Lyon Arrested

The attention of thousands of people this past year by his immense stock of furniture, ranges, etc., which he sells at prices which must be known to be appreciated. He is now enlarging his great store, as his business is increasing so. If you value money, don't fail to get his prices. 412 Eleventh street. Get in right store. Name on windows.

Cash Talks

At the old store of H. Scheilhaas, 408 Eleventh st.; ten thousand articles suitable for housekeeping.

Strictly First Class.

There is one strictly first class express service in Oakland—that of the People's Express Company. The company checks baggage at your house to any point on the Southern Pacific system free of charge.

Telephone main 326. Office, northeast corner Broadway and Ninth street.

Electrical Headquarters.

All kinds of electric goods at Pryal Electric Co., 470 Thirteenth st. Repair department. Telephone 976 white.

Prompt Plumbing.

Quick work, reasonable work; repairs promptly attended to. P. A. Deasy, 918 Franklin, bet. Eighth and Ninth.

Bay City Flour—Best and cheapest.

SWEET THOUGHTS

Are sweeter when flavored by the pure candies made by Lehnhardt. At Lehnhardt's can be found all the latest novelties in confections. Our candies are made of the purest materials and contain no deleterious substances. Broadway, near Fourteenth.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

REMOVAL NOTICE!!

CHARLES R. ALLEN

COAL OFFICE

From 972 Broadway

To 458 EIGHTH ST.

BETWEEN BROADWAY AND WASHINGTON.

March 1st, 1898.

DO YOU NEED ANY

FIRE INSURANCE

—IF SO TRY—

H. F. GORDON'S AGENCY,

1006 Broadway

Best of Home, Foreign and Eastern Cos. Low Rates, Prompt Settlement of Losses. Up to Date Policy Forms.

AMUSEMENTS

Macdonough Theatre To-Night Last Time

MARIE WAINWRIGHT

—IN—

Shall We Forgive Her

Prices—$1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c. Seats now on sale.

OAKLAND THEATER | ONE WEEK MONDAY, MAR. 7.

Grand Ladies and Children's Sat. Mat.

THE WM. BREWER CO.

In the Screaming Farce,

"TOO MUCH TOMKINS"

You Will Laugh Till Your Sides Ache.

PRICES—10, 20, 35 and 50c.

NOVEL CYCLING CONTEST

—AT—

ELMHURST RECREATION PARK

—ON—

SUNDAY, March 13, 1898.

At 2 P. M.

ACME vs. RELIANCE

5 MILE PURSUIT RACE.

BASEBALL AT 3 P. M.

Alameda City Employees vs. Elmhurst

Round trip on the Haywards Electric line including admission to the Park 30 Cents.

RACES! RACES!

CALIFORNIA JOCKEY CLUB.
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Winter Meeting, 1897-98. Beginning MONDAY, March 7th, to March 19th inclusive.

OAKLAND RACE TRACK.

Racing Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday.
Five or more races each day.
Races start at 2:15 P. M. sharp.
Ferry boats leave San Francisco at 12 M. and 12:30, 1, 1:30, 2, 2:30 and 3 P. M., connecting with trains stopping at the entrance to the track. Buy your ferry tickets to Shell Mound.
Returning Trains leave the Track at 4:15 and 4:45 P. M., and immediately after the last race.

THOMAS H. WILLIAMS JR., President.
R. B. MILROY, Secretary.

To Chicago in 3½ Days

To New York in 4½ Days

—VIA—

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—AND—

NORTHWESTERN LINE

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All Meals Served a la Carte in Dining Car

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OAKLAND TO CHICAGO

Trains leave and arrive at Oakland Pier. Ticket Office

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THE BEST RAILWAY—Oakland to Chicago

Look at the Time of the California Limited

Oakland, 5:00 P. M.	Mon. Thurs. & Sat.
Arr. Kas. City 6 P. M.	Thurs. Sun. & Tues
Arr. St. Louis, 7 A. M.	Fri. Mon. & Wed.
Arr. Chicago, 9:45 A. M.	Fri. Mon. & Wed.

DINING CARS

Under Harvey's management, Buffet Smoking Cars and Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars. This train carries first class passengers only, but no extra charge is made.

THE ATLANTIC EXPRESS.

Leaving daily at 5:00 P. M., carries both Pullman Palace and Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars, and all classes of tickets are honored. Meals at Harvey's famous dining rooms. The shortest crossing of the desert, and a country that interests by its varied and beautiful scenery. No line offers so many inducements to the traveling public as the GREAT SANTA FE ROUTE.

—THE—

Oakland Water Front Co.

Offers for sale or lease, upon liberal terms, sites suitable for manufacturing or other commercial enterprises, fronting upon the Oakland harbor. Rail facilities of the Southern Pacific Company adjacent.

The construction of this harbor by the United States Board of Engineers (now near completion) will furnish facilities sufficient to accommodate any shipping which may enter the Golden Gate.

The advantages attendant upon private ownership and control of water frontage, permitting the erection of permanent structures directly upon ship channel, freedom from wharf and dock charges, economy in handling of raw and manufactured material, facility for inland distribution, etc., are obvious. No other proposition presenting like and equal advantages has heretofore been offered or is attainable in the Bay of San Francisco.

Full particulars and detail information may be obtained of the undersigned.

E. C. SESSIONS, Agt.

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All the Latest Designs and Colors at greatly Reduced Prices.

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Cor. 12th & Washington Sts.
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STOCKINGS

Stockings to wear well must be good. Good stockings wash well and give satisfaction; they are cheapest in the end. We sell good stockings from 12½c a pair up.

Second Drawing for the $200 Trip to New York.

The following numbers were drawn on Saturday, March 5th, the tickets drawn originally on January 31st not having been presented.

No.	1558E	will have the call up to March 19th					
"	1406C	will	have	the	call	on	March 21st
"	5290E	"	"	"	"	"	22nd
"	4004A	"	"	"	"	"	23rd
"	2937A	"	"	"	"	"	24th
"	2032E	"	"	"	"	"	25th
"	8681B	"	"	"	"	"	26th
"	8415B	"	"	"	"	"	28th
"	437C	"	"	"	"	"	29th
"	11482E	"	"	"	"	"	30th

IMPORTANT NOTICE—If you hold ANY of the above numbers send them, with your address to us AT ONCE.

MARIE WAINWRIGHT IS THE ATTRACTION.

Made a Hit in Her New Drama at the Macdonough.

"Shall We Forgive Her" Is a Strong and Very Interesting Play.

Marie Wainwright drew a crowded house at the Macdonough Theater last evening when she presented the new drama, "Shall We Forgive Her." The play showed Miss Wainwright in a new but none the less pleasing light. It gave her opportunities for strong emotional work and in such roles, Miss Wainwright is particularly convincing. The play is stirring and wholesome, with a plot that is treated in a fresh unhackneyed manner. It is not often that the story of a wronged woman is treated as sympathizingly by a playwright. Although there is pathos in the drama, a lighter element is interwoven in the love and courtship of a girl and a youth.

Miss Wainwright's support is excellent, and the players have evidently been selected with a view to fitting the parts in the drama.

There were a number of Miss Wainwright's admirers present last evening who were pleased with the part this popular actress played. She has so long been identified with Shakespearian characters and the legitimate drama that her preset starring tour in modern plays is of exceptional interest.

"Shall We Forgive Her" will be given its last performance to-night, and the sale of advance seats assures another crowded and fashionable house.

OAKLAND THEATER.

A screaming farce, "Too Much Tompkins," is holding the boards at the Oakland Theater this week. It is an immensely clever play, written in a light comedy vein. The situations are absurd and dialogue sparkles with wit. It is a comedy that as a rule appeals to the largest class of people and comedy of the sort of "Too Much Tompkins" is undeniably attractive. The Gleason Company contains some very clever actors who do good work in this latest success. The comedy elements are strongly brought out by the players, and the performance is eminently satisfactory.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

Donnelly's new melodrama "The Woman in Black," is the attraction at Morosco's Grand Opera House this week. It is an exciting play illustrating the power of hypnotism and the thrilling incidents of a political campaign.

ALCAZAR THEATER.

"A Gilded Fool" is drawing crowded houses at the Alcazar Theater. It is a clever and laughable comedy.

THE TIVOLI.

"The Gelsha" is still the attraction at the Tivoli Opera House and continues to draw large houses.

THE ORPHEUM.

The Orpheum has a first-class vaudeville bill this week, including the Jose quartette, Josephine Sabel, and numerous others.

MRS. MANTELL DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

PORT HURON, Mich., March 8.—Mrs. Robert Mantell, known on the stage as Charlotte Behrens, died at 12:25 this morning at the Harrington Hotel, this city.

Mrs. Mantell had been ill for some time. Her condition became serious last evening and in spite of all that could be done, she sank rapidly until this morning, when death came to her release.

PASSENGERS INDIGNANT.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

NEW YORK, March 7.—A dispatch to the Herald from Valparaiso, Chile, says:

"The American steamer Columbia, which started from New York for the Klondike, is still lying here waiting for funds. Her supplies are liable to be cut off, as her captain has been unable to raise money and her owners in New York have failed to send him money to pay for repairs, provisions and coal.

The passengers, twenty of whom are women, are becoming desperate. There is a possibility of the ship being seized for debt.

Americans here are indignant over the conduct of the vessel's owners. The United States consul can do nothing as matters now stand.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Today's hotel arrivals are as follows:

Hotel Albany—Nestor Lennon, New York; Mrs. H. Whitford, Weaverville; Ed R. Mauson, New York; Mrs. J. Champion, Enterprise; D. R. Woodworth, San Francisco; James A. Reynolds, Milpitas; Mr. and Mrs. Jaines, Calistoga; Thos. J. Kirk, Fresno; J. T. Champion, Enterprise; F. E. Jones, Oakland.

Hotel Metropole—Francis Stuart, San Francisco; E. A. Strut, San Francisco; J. H. McIntosh, Chico.

Hotel Crellin—J. W. Hale, Oakland.

Galindo Hotel—G. Wensell, Los Angeles; T. P. Buck and family, Los Aangeles; Carrie H. Ceeran, Concord; C. Dwight, San Francisco; A. J. Morlin, Los Angeles; J. H. Howell, Washington, D. C.; H. A. Andlenie and wife, San Rafael.

George Bald Remembered.

George Bald, janitor of the Central school, was recently presented with a handsome oak rocking chair by the teachers of the building. It was an expression of their appreciation of the janitor's faithfulness and efficient service.

Free Treatment==Free Medicines.

You Can Test the Ability of the ENGLISH AND GERMAN EXPERT SPECIALISTS of 731 Market Street at Their Expense.

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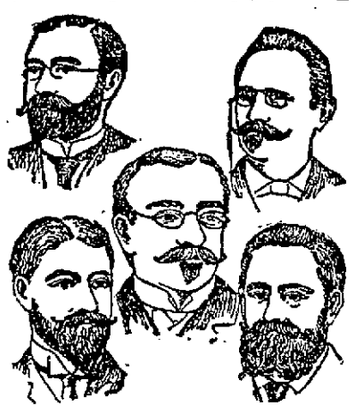

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WHAT THIS FREE TREATMENT MEANS

This grand offer of Free Treatment and Free Medicines for one week shows that the ENGLISH AND GERMAN EXPERT SPECIALISTS are honest with the sick. If you have any chronic disease they don't want your money unless they can cure.
If you cannot call at the office send for Free Book and Symptom Blank.

English and German Expert Specialists,
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Hours—8 to 5; Evenings, 7 to 8; Sundays, 9 to 11. Phone, Green 601.

HIGH STANDARD REQUIRED OF NEW TEACHERS.

The Board of Education Adopts Stringent Qualifications.

Supt. McClymonds Suggests Changes for the Charter.

CENSUS MARSHAL IS APPOINTED.

Directors Notified That the Water Bills Will Be Much Higher.

The Board of Education met early last night in order to avoid the crowd that filled the corridors leading to the City Council chambers. The transom and doors were carefully closed lest the attention of the directors be distracted to the noise of the crowd outside.

The Classification Committee introduced a report making a change in the requirements of teachers and compelling graduates of the San Francisco Normal School to have two years experience before being eligible for position.

The report was in part as follows:

"For positions in the High School, only those teachers shall be eligible who hold High School certificates and are graduates of the State University or some college or university of equal rank. The provision of this section shall not apply to those persons who are now or have heretofore been regular teachers in the Oakland High Schools.

"A person to be eligible to a position in any grammar, primary, or evening school in this department must hold a Grammar Grade or High School certificate and must have at least two years experience in teaching or must be a graduate of one of the California State Normal Schools or of some other State Normal School of equal rank or must have taken a full pedagogical course in the State University or some other college or university of equal rank or must be a graduate of the San Francisco Normal School of date prior to July 1, 1898.

"No teacher shall be placed on the substitute list who is not eligible to a regular position in this department nor shall any teacher who has at any time been a regular teacher in the Oakland School Department be placed upon the substitute list without the order of the Board of Education or shall any teacher who has at any time been a regular teacher in the Oakland School Department be placed upon the substitute list by the Superintendent without the order of the Board of Education. The provisions of this section shall not apply to teachers who are now on the substitute list."

The other measures were the same as previously.

The measures which provided that teachers should hold High School certificates created considerable discussion. Director Powell said he understood the Committee had not passed upon it. Director Redington as a member of the Committee announced that he objected to it.

This will shut out a number of University graduates," said Superintendent McClymonds. "Only graduates from the pedagogical departments gain the High School certificate which is not given to the student along broad plans."

"I don't believe in it," said Director Redington, "It will be legislating against the poor for the rich. There are poor men and women who have acquired an education outside of college and these will be shut out by this rule. I think the State laws are sufficient to indicate requisites of a teacher. Moreover you couldn't have a French or German teacher unless a University graduate."

"The individual teacher would be better for the University training although it does not follow that University teachers are always the best," said Mr. McClymonds. "We have had special teachers in certain subjects who did not use good English.

When the vote was called on the adoption of the first section, Directors Rutherford and Redington were the only ones to vote no.

Directors Ingler, Redington, and Rutherford voted no on the second section which also carried.

The third section was adopted unanimously and the remaining sections were also adopted.

WATER RATES.

A communication was read from William J. Dingee, president of the Oakland Water Company announcing that owing to the excessive use of water in the public schools, the latter would in the future be supplied with water at meter rates. The letter was referred to the Committee on School Houses and Sites.

Later J. H. T. Watkinson of the Contra Costa Water Company appeared before the Board and announced that this Company would hereafter charge for water according to the meters. He stated that the present and future rate of consumption would be as follows.

School	Average Consumption Gallons.	At Meter Rate of 20c per 1,000 Gallons.	Rate Paid.
Grove Street	48,600	$ 9 72	$2 05
Tompkins	94,000	18 80	4 60
Prescott	257,400	51 48	5 55
Old High	621,625	124 32	6 10
New High	418,650	83 93	11 25
Clawson	82,500	16 50	4 10
Swett	102,000	20 40	5 90
Franklin	214,300	42 86	6 30
Garfield	48,925	9 78	6 50

"Will the one company make special rates if it supplies all the schools?" queried Redington.

"I don't know. I will have to see," answered Watkinson. "I don't want the schools to have large bills,—they shouldn't be large. All I want is to stop the waste. I would rather individuals or departments paid moderate bills and feel comfortable about it than feel the rates were exorbitant. I think the meter rates will commence in April. I came now to notify you in order that you may prepare for the chage."

Superintendent McClymonds thought steps should be taken to stop the loss at once.

"I move" said Mr. Redington, "that we write to both companies and find out which one will supply the department more cheaply at meter rates if it supplies all the schools."

The motion prevailed unanimously.

"Will the meter rates ever be as low as the old system?" queried Director Knox.

"Not at first," answered Watkinson, "but it will later when the janitor ceases to waste the water. There is only one fair schedule for water and that is by rates."

The discussion then grew desultory. Director Redington declaring that it was outrageous the way water was being wasted and Director Evans believing that the Board should hesitate before ordering the High School lawn planted to grass.

CHARTER CHANGES.

Superintedent McClymonds had some new suggestions for a new charter. He said: "I would make two offices in place of the one now filled by the Superintendent of Schools. Have a Superintendent of Schools and also a Secretary of the Board of Education as either office will provide enough work for one person. Do not require that the Superintendent of Schools shall be a resident of this city. Oakland is entitled to select her Superintendent of Schools where she can find the best one. Have the Board of Education selected or appointed so that only a part of the Board will consist of new members at any one time. Have the Board selected whether by appointment or election without regard to wards. Place the care of the school houses and grounds in charge of the Board of Public Works but permit the Board of Education to purchase all supplies used by the children or teachers. These supplies pertain to educational matters and should be entirely under the control of the educational department."

Mr. McClymonds' proposed changes were satisfactory to the Board at large.

SCHOOL CENSUS.

It was decided to appoint a census registrar with thirteen deputies at $4 per day.

Director Clement nominated Webb N. Pearce and Director Evans nominated Milton Hamilton. Pearce was elected by the votes of Directors Clement, Ingler, Powell, Russ, Rutherford, and Todd. Hamilton was appointed chief deputy.

A number of letters from insurance agents soliciting patronage were read and filed.

The Board then adjourned.

WHAT OTHERS SAY.

The Words of Friends Are Genuine and Reliable.

It is easy for people to talk about themselves, and state what they may have done, but it is far better to have other people speak for you. The words which follow are the frank expressions of people who know of what they speak.

Rev. Wm. W. Whitney of Linlithgo, N. Y., says: "I have been afflicted more or less for six years past with malaria, ague, have had pneumonia three times and have been troubled with bronchial and catarrhal trouble of the throat. Two years ago I had the grip, which ran into catarrhal pneumonia. While in this condition I began taking something of which I had heard much, and am rejoiced to say that I have been practically cured by the use of Duffy's pure malt whiskey."

Mr. John K. Chase, Amesbury, Mass., says: "For some six years past my wife has been suffering from nervous prostration. For years she was troubled with insomnia, and nothing recommended by the most eminent physicians would induce sleep. Under the advice of physicians she recently tried Duffy's malt whiskey in small quantities and with the most satisfactory results. While Mrs. Chase has always been staunch in her temperance principles and consistent in practice, she has no hesitation in recommending to invalids who need a gentle stimulant, Duffy's pure malt whiskey."

E. C. Avila, of the Brooklyn Association for improving the condition of the poor, says: "I have used Duffy's malt whiskey for the past two years, having suffered from severe headaches and nervous prostration. I have been very much relieved by the use of the whiskey and have gained nearly seventeen pounds in weight."

The above statements speak for themselves.

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We also Give Trading Stamps.

ALICE STREET TO BE OPENED TO THE WATER FRONT

Geo. W. Baker's Offer for the Railroad Company.

Liberal Exchange for the Use of Harrison Street.

NO DANGER OF A DEATH CURVE.

A Scheme by Which a Right of Way and a Park Are Assured.

An important feature of the meeting of the Council last night was the matter of a franchise to the South Pacific Coast Railroad on Webster street.

This matter came up before the body three weeks ago and was then to have been disposed of. There were present representatives of the railroad company, as also Messrs. J. M. Bassett, J. L. Davie and others, who engaged in the discussion of the measure. Bassett and Davie pleaded for a postponement of the action on the subject and their pleas led to lively and warm passages of words between Messrs. Davie and Attorney Foulds, the latter representing the railroad company.

The Council finally set the matter over, and when it came up last night, it was in the form of a protest against the granting of the franchise.

Attorney George W. Baker, who represents the railroad company, was present, and on request of one of the members of the Council, was allowed the courtesy of the floor.

"The government of the United States," he said, "has required the South Pacific and Central Pacific railroads, both of the lines operated by the Southern Pacific Company, to erect a bridge over the estuary—one bridge instead of two bridges there, between now and the first of August. That is the order from the War Department of the government. In compliance with the order the company has agreed to build a bridge to accommodate all the roads leading to Oakland and Alameda across the estuary. In doing that, we require a franchise for a track leading from Webster street to Harrison over property of the company which was bought by the company for the purpose. The last time this question was before the Council objection was made to it by Doane and Davie and Bassett and others. Since that time, the differences between them and the railroad company has been settled. It was stated at that meeting of the Council that the curve would be a menace to the safety of the people and that it would be a death trap and a death curve. There is nothing in that. We bought the lot and don't propose to make it a death curve and we propose to leave it so that a train crossing from Harrison street can be seen on Second. And, as there is no one objecting, so far as I know, we ask the Council to grant the franchise. I saw Davie, Bassett and Dameron and they have removed all their objection to it."

Councilman Watkinson said: "The principal objection is with the curves. When the train leaves the bridge on Harrison street it makes a curve and when it swings into Webster street, it makes another swing. If you go to Harrison street you must secure another track and there will be danger unless there is a larger space south of First street. If you are going to take Harrison street, the city ought to have one street. If the company would give us the right to Alice street so that we could reach the wharf, it would be only fair. If you were to give us an 80-foot street I think it would be all right."

Mr. Baker said by way of reply: "I don't know what the objection is that is made by Mr. Watkinson. I don't know what he refers to. I do know that I never made a request of the railroad company for several years that they have not granted. When I came here I was told that the railroad company had built a stone wall around Oakland and that none of the streets could be opened. I am pleased to say that I got the railroad company to deed every street from Berkeley to Alice street. If there is any land there that the city needs, I'll guarantee that the railroad company will deed it to the city. If there is anything that the city wants, to open its streets, I'll guarantee they will get it. Since I've been here we have deeded to the city all the streets around the water front from Berkeley."

"I refer," said Mr. Watkinson, "to Alice street, from the pierhead line to First street."

"That is a fair request," said Mr. Baker. "I'll guarantee it now. We have never been called on for anything by the city that the company didn't grant."

Mr. Rowe asked whether if the franchise should be granted the railroad company would deed a part of land so that the trains could swing around.

Mr. Baker went to the blackboard and drew a diagram of Harrison and Webster streets from the estuary to Second street, and designating the curves the track would have to make in swinging back and forth between the two streets, said:

"You make this as a condition of granting the franchise that there shall be a strip of land 100 feet wide on each side of the track and it will be satisfactory. We intend to leave that space so that our engineers can see ahead. We intend to make a park of one part. We want to allow such a space for our own protection."

Mr. Pringle wanted to know if that feature of the proposition made by Mr. Baker had been incorporated in the franchise.

"The city," replied Mr. Baker, "grants the franchise and can make its own conditions."

"Read the ordinance," said the president.

The clerk read the instrument showing the degrees at which the several curves were to be built and the length of each to connect the proposed bridge on Harrison street with the track on Webster street.

Mr. Rowe moved that the ordinance granting the franchise be referred to the Committee on Judiciary to so amend it as to make it comply with the offer of Mr. Baker, that is, allowing a space 100 feet wide on each side of the track on the curves with a park on the north side of the track.

"All right," said Mr. Baker.

The reference to the committee was carried unanimously.

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Have been established in this city for over twenty years. Our success is due to the fact that we never misrepresent anything. Pure and wholesome Teas and Coffees and lowest prices. Wholesale and retail. The New York Tea Company, 859 Broadway, between Seventh and Eighth streets. Telephone Black 8,662.

The Oakland Milliner.

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The well known Keller Nursery at Piedmont has been subdivided into building lots and placed on the market, consequently the entire stock of choice roses, camellias and other valuable shrubs must be disposed of at once at a sacrifice. Apply at nursery, Piedmont avenue, near Moss avenue, or at branch, 512 Seventh street.

Our Barber Shop

Convenient to hurried men. Eighth street near Tribune office. Fred and Dick, proprietors.

The Yankee Cobbler.

Is still with us, mending shoes honestly and well, at fair prices. The place is on Franklin street, near Twelfth. Try him.

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I having been a patient under the care of the California Willow Bark Institute at Oakland, California, Dr. A. B. Barnes, Medical Director, for four weeks, for the liquor habit, I feel it due to the Institute, as well as a pleasure to myself, to add my testimonial, hoping it may aid some other poor fellow. I have no craving or appetite for alcoholic stimulants. The California Willow Bark Institute have done as they agreed to with me, and I am glad to say I am now cured of the disease of dipsomania and drunkenness.
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HENNEBERRY WATER ORDINANCE PASSED.

Mayor Thomas at Once Vetoes the Action of the Council.

Girard, Brosnahan, Woodward and Rowe Join in Very Lively Debate.

Heitmann and Henneberry Oppose the Veto on the Ground That the Council Is Supreme.

It was nearly 11 o'clock when the Council last night reached the consideration of the water ordinance, which came up after having been passed to print for five days with a number of amendments. The voluminous document was read by the clerk, and at the conclusion of the reading, Mr. Henneberry moved that the ordinance be placed on final passage. The motion was seconded by Mr. Watkinson.

Mr. Girard then arose and said:

"Allow me to make a few remarks. I will be brief. This is not the time for abuse and to indulge in gallery play. This is too serious. The water rates which we have to pass for the last time concern the rich and the poor. They affect all, but mostly the poor, the widow and the fatherless orphan. The wage-earners will suffer the most. Now, Mr. Chairman, if any of us eleven Councilman votes for this unjust water rate he is not just to himself and the people he represents. If he consents to this raise, I think that the community will brand him as a boodler. They will say, 'There goes the boodler.' His children will be pointed out when they go to school as the children of the man who voted for this ordinance. His wife will be pointed out by other ladies as the wife of a man who voted to injure the people.

"If any gentleman has made a rash promise to the Water Company, I hope he will retract it. I don't believe that any money has been paid. But if you have made any rash promise, I hope you will change while there is time. Turn State's evidence. The people will not punish you. They will applaud you. They will say, 'Well done, good and faithful official.' You were faithful to the interests of the city. Your last vote did not show how you will vote to-night. You have yet a chance to change. If gold or money is all you want, I say resign now, and the grateful people will give you what you want.

"My brother, Woodward, I would address as my dear companion. We may have fought in the same brigade and under the same commander. If he will vote against this ordinance I will guarantee that he will be given the position of pension agent. I will guarantee that the citizens of Oakland, with the most influence, will get up a petition to send to Washington. The people will subscribe money and I will give $100 myself toward a fund to get him the position. That will be a $3,000 position. For four years that would be $12,000. I hope he will show true courage and vote against this ordinance.

"And my brother, Brosnahan, too. I thought he was the best man for the position of Mayor. I feel for him as other people feel for him. I feel and speak from my heart. Let us have the tax on fire hydrants raised to $5 apiece. That will fall on the rich. But don't make the poor man pay twenty-five cents on a closet or a bath-tub. If you want to help the water company, raise the price to $5 for hydrants but don't put the burden on the poor man."

BROSNAHAN TALKS.

Mr. Brosnahan said that he did not want to say anything, but since his name had been mentioned by Mr. Girard and the Enquirer—

"I mentioned it only in a friendly way," interrupted Mr. Girard.

"Mr. Girard," said Brosnahan, resuming, "had indulged in a great burst of eloquence which had not been excelled even by the Enquirer. Girard had magnified the case and declared that he was for the people, and the Enquirer had done the same thing.

"I will say," he continued, "that I have always been among the people and that there never was a water ordinance like this before the Council. There was not a paper which mentioned a figure until the Examiner did on Saturday last. The Examiner of Saturday referred to the rates for a two-story house with a horse, a cow and a carriage, and made it cost $1.75 for water. By taking away the horse, cow and carriage, the rate would be reduced to $1.35 per month. The Hotel Metropole pays $5 a month with fifteen or sixteen bath-tubs and twenty-five or thirty wash-stands, and with the amount of water there is used in the kitchen. It is such residences as Senator Perkins that will have to pay. I have been here a number of years and I know something about the water rates. I know that the Contra Costa Water Company never charged one-half the rates the Council allowed, when for a poor man's house $1 a month was allowed. Now, the Examiner says it is $1.35. The present rates under the so-called boodle ordinance cuts the former rates down ten per cent. Under the old ordinance of from '91 to '94, every two-story house in the city paid $4. I would like to have every newspaper consider this fact."

Mr. Brosnahan then told of a paper which he had had some trouble with on water rates some time ago, and how, after a certain meeting, he had got mixed up with the editor.

"The next morning," continued the Councilman, "the editor had an article stating that Brosnahan had been reeling around the streets drunk. That paper was trying to get on the list of the water company at the rate of $200, and it succeeded in getting on their list."

EXPLAINING VOTES.

Mr. Cuvellier then said in reply to Mr. Brosnahan that the water in his house would cost him, under the ordinance, $2.75 a month. "I will say this," he continued, "that the Fire and Water Committee gave this ordinance a great deal of attention. We tried to be fair. We had no hostile feeling against the Oakland Water Company or any other corporation. We gave the companies an allowance of six per cent on the investment, and $36,000 besides. We thought that just. The companies, it seems, were not satisfied with it. I shall register my vote against it."

Mr. Henneberry, in explaining his vote, said: "A great deal has been said against this ordinance, but nobody has gone into detail. There are no figures that you can produce and take the statement shown by the water companies which will enable you to show that they can get a revenue of six per cent, and I vote yes."

ROWE'S VIEWS.

Mr. Rowe, in explaining his vote, said: "I quite agree with Mr. Cuvellier that anything I might say now would not change the views of the Council. If I thought it would I would be glad to say it. We proved to the satisfaction of ourselves, at least, that we were allowing the water companies more than six per cent on their investment. The statement has been made that the water companies were charging two-thirds of the legal rate. I find that they were charging only one-third. If now they charge the full rates, they will be charging more than double what they are charging now. If about the first of next July they change according to the present ordinance, the people will be paying double for their water. Where my rate is $2.25 now, before the cut came it was $3, and some time will be in the neighborhood of $5. Now, when a gentleman stands on the floor and says there are no figures to show as to the revenue, I say I am surprised. In justice to all, I stand here to-night and I believe you will find that the Oakland Water Company has never put one million dollars in their plant. They put $300,000 into the Piedmont plant, and transferred it to the Oakland Water Company for $100,000. It was simply like transferring a dollar from one pocket to another and trebling its value. They refused to tell us what the plant cost. When we asked for vouchers they refused to give them or said they could not do it. The Contra Costa claims to have expended $6,000,000. They have charged up bond interest and they have charged up everything. The three engineers and the experts who were put to work to ascertain the outlay brought the expenses down to about $3,500,000. Out of that amount could be taken a million which had been expended in an illegal manner. That being the case, it brings the cost down to about $2,500,000. If they have $2,500,000 invested, that is about all they have. The company last year received more than six per cent."

Mr. Henneberry replied, "I'll say that the figures you produce will not yield the result you claim for them."

Rowe replied that, during the past week he had received some figures and had been assured by his own figures that the water companies would receive more than eighteen per cent. "I said eighteen per cent," he continued. "I know it will be more. The ordinance is not a fair one. It is not just. I believe it is illegal. I do not know that I should vote for an illegal ordinance and I shall vote against it."

"I am not prejudiced to either company," said Mr. Upton. "I am a friend to both of them. We made a careful investigation as to the cost of these enterprises. We placed the Contra Costa plant at $4,200,000. We carefully figured out the revenue under the ordinance of '97 and estimated that it would give a return of six per cent on the investment. As the Dingee Water Company cost $300,000 up to the time of the consolidation, to believe that it now represents an expenditure of $4,000,000 is ridiculous. I want to do what is just to the companies but this is a raw way of forcing these rates. I shall vote against the ordinance."

Mr. Brosnahan said he would like to know where Mr. Upton had seen the water works' figures. Upton he said had based his estimate on the figures.

Mr. Upton said that the figures of only one water company could be taken under the decision of the Supreme Court in a case from San Diego.

MR. WOODWARD EXPLAINS.

Councilman Woodward then arose and said: "My name has been referred to in an unpleasant manner before the Council, and I want to say a word on this ordinance. I have made a thorough investigation. I have compared the figures at present with the preceding ordinances and the one published February 12th, and the old one which preceded all of them, and I am prepared to say that the rates in this ordinance are in favor of the poor man and against the rich man. I will vote in favor of the ordinance."

Mr. Rowe asked if Mr. Woodward would allow him to ask a question.

The chair stated that it could be done pending the announcement of the vote, which resulted as follows:

Ayes—Brosnahan, Earl, Heitmann, Henneberry, Watkinson, Woodward—6.

Nays—Cuvellier, Girard, Rowe, Upton, Pringle—5.

THE MAYOR'S VETO.

The chair declared the ordinance passed.

Mr. Girard moved to adjourn.

Mayor Thomas, who was in the Council chamber, then came forward and said to the clerk in tones audible to the lobby: "Let me see that ordinance."

"I'll take back my motion," said Mr. Girard, when he heard what the Mayor said.

The Mayor looked at the ordinance which had just been passed and which had been handed to him by the clerk.

A moment later he signed another document and handing it to the clerk, deposited at the same time the ordinance on the clerk's desk.

"The Mayor has vetoed the ordinance," said Clerk Tompkins.

"Is there any desire," inquired the chair, "to pass the ordinance, the Mayor's veto to the contrary?"

"I have a resolution which I want to offer," said Henneberry, advancing to the clerk's desk.

"There is no such question before the house," said Heitmann, referring to the request of the chair as to the passing of the ordinance over the Mayor's veto.

"Read the veto," ordered President Pringle, "and we will take up the resolution," and the clerk complied. The message was as follows:

THE MAYOR'S OPPOSITION.

"MAYOR'S OFFICE CITY HALL,

"Oakland, Cal., March 7, 1898.

To the Honorable, the City Council of the City of Oakland, Cal—Gentlemen: I herewith return to your honorable body an ordinance fixing water rates for the year commencing July 1, 1898, and ending June 30, 1899, without my approval, for the following reasons:

"One of my first official acts after taking office was the approval of the ordinance now in force fixing the water rates passed by the former City Council. It was presented to me on April 7, 1897. The rates fixed by that ordinance, I believed to be fair to the water companies and to the consumers.

"Owing to competition those rates have not been collected, but failure to collect was not the fault of the people, and resulted in the consumer getting water at absurdly low rates.

"From my inaugural address to this Council, filed April 5, 1897, I make this quotation: 'The condition prevailing in this city in respect to our water supply, are most curious and unnatural. That it will continue is contradicted by reason and experience. Two water companies struggling for supremacy are engaged in a rate war, which has brought about a reduction to the consumer unparalleled in our State history. Both of these corporations claim to be suffering great losses in money at prevailing rates. This statement may be accepted as true, but it is equally true that these losses, whatever they may be, will ultimately find their way into the bonded indebtedness of the companies and the consumer will be compelled to pay, not only the interest on the present losses, but eventually the principal as well. Individuals may quarrel forever, but it is a law of property, unwritten but irrevocable, that hostile moneyed interests invariably prefer to bury their hatreds, and come together for joint profit at the public's expense rather than suffer continued losses.

"In the nature of things these corporations must consolidate, or both be absorbed by newer or stronger corporations. When that day comes this city and the Oakland water consumers will likely be at war again with the water companies. Such prospect is not inviting, but it seems inevitable. Indeed high rates are, and must be, the natural sequence to prevailing conditions. Prudence urges me to suggest that the question of municipal ownership receive, at as early a date as possible, your careful and earnest attention. Nothing, of course, can be done without submission of the question to the people, but preliminary steps may be taken by the Council which will be of incalculable benefit. Perhaps a delegation of representative citizens can be found who will be induced to go to the bottom of the question. As Mayor of the city, and as a private citizen, I will be pleased to act in any capacity which would give the subject research and investigation. This subject is one which should be seriously considered and discussed by the public and the press, as well as yourselves.

"Although at that time a majority of this Council, I believe, was acting in the interests of the people, no notice was taken of my suggestion, and the prediction made by me at that time has been realized. The competition has ceased; the combination seems to have been made, and the people will be the sufferers from July 1, 1898, to June 30, 1899, if the action of the majority of the Council in fixing water rates by resolution be sustained by the courts.

"After a full investigation by the committee of this Council, in February last, at which I was present a portion of the time, a valuation of $4,243,577.66 was fixed on the Contra Costa Water Company's investment, and interest at 6 per cent on said amount was considered a fair rate, and an ordinance based on said investigation was prepared and passed to print by the unanimous vote of the Council, and I considered the water rate question settled, and so considered it when the appointment of Councilman Woodward was made on February 18, 1898.

"The subsequent proceedings of this Council were as great a surprise to me as to any other citizen. The first intimation I had of any change in the rates, as fixed by the ordinance in print, was when the Henneberry resolution was introduced.

"I believe the water rates fixed by the present ordinance hereto attached are excessive. Respectfully submitted,

"W. R. THOMAS, Mayor."

There was an attempt to applaud, but the chair called for order and the call was respected.

President Pringle asked the City Attorney: "Do you think we can take up and consider the Mayor's veto on the same evening that it is received?"

Mr. Dow said he did not know of anything to prevent such an act being performed.

Mr. Heitmann said that the veto had been prepared before the ordinance was passed and as a consequence that the veto was inoperative.

The chair appealed to the clerk and the clerk said that the vote had not been fixed when the message was received but that if they wanted to split hairs, the Mayor did not have to sign the ordinance and that the veto had not been signed until after the ordinance had been fully passed.

Mr. Heitmann said he had no objection to the veto but that he thought the Mayor should not have taken the opportunity to veto an ordinance before it had passed. Under the charter and a rule, however, the Council was given thirty days in which to consider or act on the veto.

Mr. Pringle said it would be better to have the matter lay over.

Mr. Heitmann said that the Mayor's veto had nothing to do with the ordinance, because the law prescribed what the Council shall do in the matter of fixing water rates.

Mayor Thomas inquired if the ordinance had not been passed before he presented his veto.

The chair replied that it had been so passed.

The motion of Mr. Heitmann to have the ordinance go over, till the next meeting was carried by a vote of 6 to 5, the same vote by which the ordinance had been passed.

HENNEBERRY'S RESOLUTION.

Henneberry's resolution was then read as follows:

"Resolved, By the Council of the city of Oakland, that the message of the Mayor, objecting to and assuming to veto an ordinance entitled 'An ordinance establishing water rates and fixing the compensation for reasonably pure water furnished for family uses, for private purposes, for municipal uses and for all public purposes for the year commencing July 1st, 1898, and ending June 30th, 1899,' purporting to fix water rates for the city of Oakland and the inhabitants thereof, heretofore passed and adopted by this Council, be not further considered and be not spread or entered upon the journals and records of this Board on the ground and for the reason that by the provisions of Section 1, Article XIV of the Constitution of the State of California, the jurisdiction, power and duty of fixing water rates in the city of Oakland and for the inhabitants thereof is conferred upon and confided to this Council alone, and that the Mayor has no right to participate therein."

The resolution was referred to the Fire and Water Committee, after which the Council adjourned.

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES.

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight fitting or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

TRIAL JURORS ARE AGREED UPON.

Supervisors Complete the Weekly Work of the County.

At yesterday afternoon's session of the Board of Supervisors, Roeth again introduced a resolution authorizing himself to purchase 300 feet of pipe for the Claremont road. His resolution was adopted by Supervisors Roeth, Mitchell, and Talcott voting aye.

The sum of $300 was transferred from the General Road Fund to the Palomares Road District Fund.

A resolution was adopted amending the resolution introduced at the last meeting giving out the advertisement of the Assessor's notice. The amendment gave the advertisement also to the Alameda Encinal at $100.

A resolution was adopted formally accepting the names of persons compiled by the respective Supervisors for trial jurors.

The following insurance agents applied for the insurance of the county buildings: John Masters, William J. Dingee, and G. S. Naismith.

Supervisor Wells asked that County Surveyor Nusbaumer be requested to make proper surveys for the establishment of a water plant on the road between Livermore and Alvarado. His request was granted.

The Board then adjourned until 9 A. M. Tuesday.

RED BOLT OUT OF THE SKIES.

Brilliant Meteorite Falls to the Earth Near Elmhurst.

Last Saturday evening a brilliant meteor fell in a field near Elmhurst and its descent was witnessed by several people. N. Hoyt was driving along the county road and saw the strange sight. It appeared like a ball of fire with a fiery tail several feet long.

The comet effect was naturally due to the brilliancy of the meteorite and the deceptive appearance its rapid flight presented to the eye.

Mr. Hoyt and his companions took a careful survey of the locality where the strange body fell, and yesterday morning they went to the place and had no difficulty in finding the meteorite. It is about the size of a man's head and resembles a ball of slag. It weighs about twenty pounds, and today it will be sent to the professors at the University who will no doubt be able to tell all about it.

A Saloonkeeper Gone.

August Mejje, a San Francisco road saloon-keeper, has disappeared carrying off all his personal effects of value and leaving his wife to face creditors who attached the place last Friday. Mejje departed on Saturday ostensibly to pasture stock in Moraga valley. His wife appealed to-day to Sheriff White for assistance in searching for her missing husband.

One Less Celestial.

Quong Ok, a wicked Chinese, is stopping in the County Jail en route to his Oriental home. He has completed a term of seven years in Folsom for assault with a deadly weapon, and has now been given his deportaton papers He will be shipped on the first boat.

120 MILES AN HOUR.

Locomotives Arranged With a Multiple Gear.

Some day we may look for a locomotive engine with the piston rods connected with a large gear wheel running in a smaller gear pinion made fast to the shaft of the driving wheels. By this device the same travel of the piston rod that we have in our present locomotives will turn the driving wheels over twice and result in 120 miles per hour instead of 60 miles per hour.

Then it will be necessary to provide a sharp front to the train to avoid the heavy air presure, and to devise some practical safety rails to insure the train sticking to them. These things are coming. Mark the prediction.

As the world moves faster, those who would stay with it and enjoy the yearly improvements must preserve and conserve their health. Coffee is one of the most cunning destroyers of nervous activity extant. Its effects show in a great variety of ways and when one finds that little troubles with the body are cropping up too frequently to be pleasant it will be a clever stroke of common sense to drop off the drug for a month and see if you haven't put your finger on the real villain.

It is an easy task to leave off Coffee when Postum Food Coffee, thoroughly boiled, is served. But Postum is not palatable unless it has been boiled full 15 minutes after boiling commences. Many people fail to get a desirable cup from Postum simply and solely because they leave it on the stove 15 minutes and consider because it looks black and rich that it is done.

Not so. The delicious flavor and food value is not extracted until it has sharply boiled at least 15 minutes after boiling commences. It is a powerful builder of brain and nerve centers.

NO PRIMARY CALLED YET.

Who Is to Pay for the New Examination of Insane Patients?

At the meeting of the City Council last night, the matter of calling a primary election in the matter of the election of freeholders was disposed of in the negative, the date under contemplation being April 30th. The subject went over till the next meeting.

Mr. Rowe said that it was desired to give sixty days' notice of the election. If the Merchants' Exchange and other organizations which were interested in securing a new charter succeeded in that move, the resolution could be rescinded. If they were not successful, inasmuch as the election was called for the 21st of June, they would then be able to call a primary.

Mr. Heitmann said he did not see the necessity of passing the resolution at that time, and moved that it be laid over till the next meeting.

Mr. Brosnahan seconded the motion.

Mr. Cuvellier said he did not see the necessity of laying the matter over.

Mr. Pringle said he could not see his way to favor a postponement and stated that he would vote no.

The vote to lay over was supported by Brosnahan, Earl, Heitmann, Henneberry, Watkinson, and Woodward. Messrs. Cuvellier, Girard, Rowe, Upton and Pringle voted in the negative.

A resolution was then brought up rejecting the bill of Dr. Bradley and Dr. C. M. Fisher for holding examinations of insane people.

Mr. Brosnahan wanted to know how the doctors were appointed to do the examining.

President Pringle said that the law provided that arresting officers should summon the physician.

Chief Lloyd made a similar explanation.

Mr. Dow said there was no provision in the charter for the payment of the examiners.

The matter then went over.

A Noted Man Dead.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., March 8.—Robert T. Williams, the Nestor of the Bloomington bar, is dying.

He was stricken with blindness one month ago, and on Saturday had another stroke of paralysis, which the physicians say will end in death within a few hours.

Mr. Williams is 80 years old and has been one of the most prominent lawyers of the State for forty years.

MacDermot Convalescent.

C. F. MacDermot, who has been seriously ill for some time, is greatly improved.

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"My Cake Is Dough."

Did not use Sperry's Flour.

Bay City Flour—Bakers use it.

No Kings,

But all gentlemen and workers at the old store of H. Schellhaas, 408 Eleventh st.

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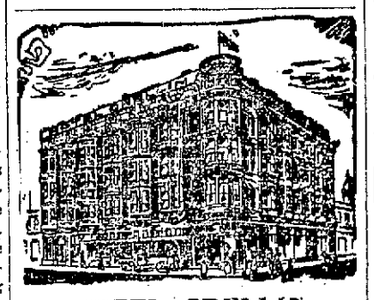

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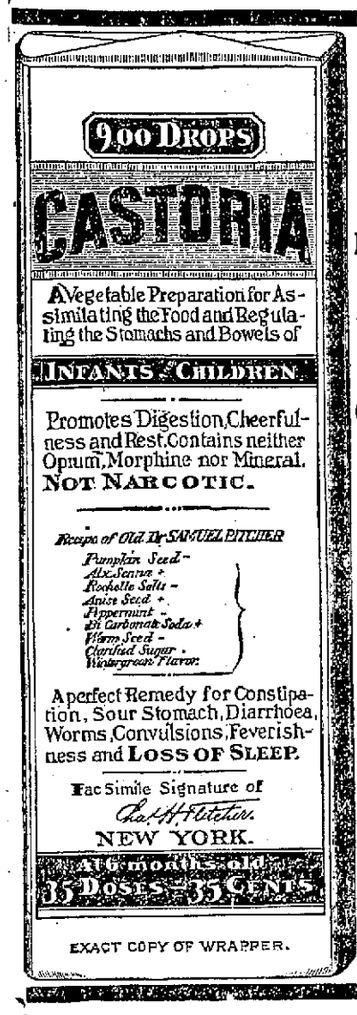

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GREAT SECRECY PRESERVED BY THE GRAND JURY

Witnesses Told Not to Give Out Any News.

Councilman Woodward and Harry Thomas Are Questioned.

MORE SUBPOENAS ARE ISSUED.

Another Day Spent Probing Into the Water Rate Affair.

The grand jury reassembled this afternoon at 1:30 o'clock, after a vacation of several days, and resumed its sittings in the court of Judge Greene.

There was more than the usual precaution taken to guard against the secrecy of the jury. This was occasioned by the fact of the publication in the Tribune several days ago of the names of certain witnesses whom the jury had decided to call before it to make inquiries as regards their knowledge of the alleged irregularity of members of the Council in voting for the water ordinance, which was passed by the Council and vetoed by the Mayor last evening.

D puty Sheriff Ed White mounted guard outside the doors and allowed no person to come within earshot of what was transpiring within. He has not heretofore been over communicative, but today he would allow no newspaper man to approach him. He was impelled to this precaution by the fact that on the day of the last session of the jury, after the Tribune's publication above referred to had appeared, the sheriff and his deputies were called before the jury and asked if they or either of them could explain how the knowledge of intended witnesses had been communicated.

Each denied that he knew how the news had leaked out and asserted most solemnly that he had not divulged the name of the person or persons whom the sheriff's office had been ordered to subpoena.

This afternoon, before the jury had got down to business, a subpoena was issued for another witness, a capitalist, supposed to be V. D. Moody, for the purpose of ascertaining what he knew about the water question and alleged corruption. The name of the witness was maintained a secret.

The jury remained closeted for half an hour, at the end of which time the former called for Councilman Woodward.

Mr. Woodward was not within hearing, and the jury was so informed.

District Attorney Snook was then called to the chamber and with him entered Frank Thompson who is acting as the stenographer of the body.

After a few minutes further delay, Mr. Hotchkiss, the accountant, of 664 Eleventh street, was called before the jury. He remained in the chamber about five minutes at the end of which time he was excused.

Mr. Hotchkiss was examined by District Attorney Snook. He was asked if he had heard on the train or on the ferries anything about boodle in regard to the passage or proposed passage of the water ordinance by the Council.

He stated that, of course, like almost every other citizen, he had talked on the subject of the alleged influence which had been brought to bear on members of the Council in the water case, but that was all he knew about it. He had no positive knowledge on the subject.

He did not know any member of the Council, but knew Mayor Thomas, because the Mayor was a neighbor of his.

About this time Major Woodward made his appearance, having been notified that he was wanted, by the Deputy Sheriff. The Major said that his tardiness had been occasioned by business, and that he had been informed that he would be notified when he was to appear before the jury.

The next witness was W. H. Davis, secretary of the Capital Loan Association, whose headquarters are in San Francisco. Mr. Davis resides at 1822 San Antonio avenue, Alameda. He came from San Francisco and was somewhat annoyed because he feared he was going to lose his lunch.

District Attorney Snook assured him that he would have plenty of time to get his dinner before he would be needed.

Davis finally went before the jury and was confined with it for about fifteen minutes. He was submitted to a variety of questions from nearly all the members the principal one of which was as to whether or not his company, the Capital Loan Association, had ever loaned money to W. J. Dingee on realty or collateral of any kind.

He answered that his company had never loaned money to Dingee on security of any kind. Neither had the company loaned money, so far as known, to any relative, agent or employe of that gentleman. Neither had it loaned money to any present city official of Oakland.

Mr. Davis was then excused. As soon as he came out of the room he entered into a conversation with a Tribune representative, with whom he began to leave the Court House. This last move was observed by Mr. Kroll, a member of the jury, who was acting as sergeant-at-arms for the day.

Davis was immediately called back, and once more the doors were closed behind him. He was then requested to keep secret what had transpired between himself and the jury, so that the cause of justice might not be injured.

When Davis again appeared he stated that he had nothing to conceal from the public, and that he had told, in the above resume, all that he had said before the Grand Jury.

Major Woodward was then called before the board of inquisitors, and it was expected that he would not get out in the time allotted to the witnesses who had preceded him.

At 3:30 o'clock Harry Thomas, son and private secretary of Mayor Thomas, appeared. He too had been subpoenaed, and when he was told that Major Woodward would take up a great deal of time, and that the jury probably would not get through with him before the close of the afternoon. He told the Deputy Sheriff, Smith, who had supplanted Ed White, that if the jury wanted him he could be found by telephone at the office of the County Clerk.

DEATH OF AN AGED PIONEER.

Samuel Breck Expires at the Family Home.

Samuel Breck, one of the early pioneers of California, died this morning at the family residence, 2003 Summit street. Death was due to heart failure and a complication of diseases incident upon his advanced years, for the deceased died the day after his seventy-second birthday. His demise ends a long life of usefulness.

In 1826 the deceased was born at Newport, a small town in New Hampshire, and it was here that his early boyhood was spent. When the gold fever of 1849 caused a general interest to be awakened in California Mr. Breck was among the first to seek this new El Dorado of the West. He started with a few companions on the long journey across the plains and arrived at the coveted goal in 1849. After reaching California he decided not to try his fortunes in the gold mines, but devoted his attention to trade. He established himself at Suisun, in Solano county, and soon became the foremost merchant of that town. He remained in business in Suisun for nineteen years, and then removed to this city, where he also engaged in mercantile transactions and was at one time head of the Central Wood and Coal Company.

For the past few years he has retired from active life, and has lived very quietly.

He was a member of only one society, the Pioneers, and belonged to no secret organization. He was a man of quiet tastes and preferred the attractions of a home life to the distractions to be found in political or fraternal affairs.

He was married shortly after coming to aCalifornia and six children were born to him, two sons and four daughters. The sons, James and Samuel Breck, are well known young business men of this city.

The funeral will be held from the family residence, 2003 Summit avenue, Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The interment at Mountain View cemetery will be private.

SUCCESSOR FOR DIRECTOR HOLDEN

(Special to the Tribune.)

SAN FRANCISCO, March 8.—The Board of Regents of the State University are in session this afternoon and the question of appointing a director of the Lick Observatory at Mt. Hamilton to succeed E. T. Holden, whose resignation took effect the first of last January, is under discussion. The names of Professors Schaeberle and Davidson have been placed in nomination.

When the vacancy was about to be filled some weeks ago it was surmised that Professor George Davidson had a force of Regents in his favor strong enough to give him the position. He had the indorsement of many eminent astronomers and quite a number of leading citizens of California, but the election was postponed at the suggestion of Regent Rodgers, who asked the postponement until Mrs. Hearst, who had gone to Mexico, could be present. The present issue is uncertain.

The Regents decided to appeal from the decision of the trial court in the Rauber estate case, the decedent having left his bequest to the University of California instead of to the Board of Regents. In accordance with the recommendation of the Finance Committee it was resolved to make certain alterations in the Johnson building to the extent of $3,500 and $500 was appropriated for the mining department.

HELD UP IN JEFFERSON SQUARE.

C. D. Orsborn Was a Little Groggy But Remembered All About It.

C. D. Orsborn, a carpenter occupying rooms in the Newland House, appeared at the Receiving Hospital about 1 o'clock this morning in a very dazed condition, desiring to have some grievous wounds dressed. His forehead above the left eye had a severe cut which had severed the artery, while the back of his head was dented and bruised as with a blunt instrument.

Steward Tobin attended to the man and soon had him comfortably treated and lodged in a downy bed.

Orsborn stated that while wending his way homeward last night he crossed Jefferson street plaza, and when about to emerge from its shadows he heard muffled voices near by. He says that he was slightly under the influence of liquor, but not so much so that he could not intelligently understand all that transpired.

Suddenly some one approached him and when attempting to turn to face his assailant he received an ugly stroke on the head which felled him to the ground. Then the men, who numbered two, delivered a series of blows upon the back of his head. An outcry from the injured man scared away the robbers before they had secured more than an old watch which the man was wearing.

Orsborn says he only had 60 cents in his possession. He cannot identify the two men.

W. W. Moore Jr. Arrested.

W. W. Moore, Jr., was arrested on the complaint of his wife for disturbing the peace.

Moore and his wife have not been on the best of terms of late, and this afternoon the two had a row at Seventh and Washington streets with the above results.

Appraisers Appointed.

Appraisers of the following estates have been appointed: Kimball C. Eld-

WED IN THE SUNNY SOUTH.

Thomas Magee and Miss Curtis Meet at the Altar.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

SANTA BARBARA, Cal., Mar. 8.—Thomas Magee of San Francisco and Miss Helen Carlton Curtis, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Marvin Curtis of San Francisco were married here at noon to-day by Reverend Dr. Carrier. Mr. and Mrs. Magee will leave to-night for a trip through Southern California.

Both bride and groom are well known in this city and San Francisco, where Mr. Magee is one of the most prominent real estate dealers. His sons, Tom and Will Magee, married daughters of Valentine Hush, the Fruitvale capitalist. Mr. Magee has a handsome residence at Fruitvale, but a new home is being built in San Francisco for the occupancy of the bride and groom. The bride is a well-known artist and is a sister of Mrs. Nealy O'Sullivan and Mrs. Paul Cowles.

GONZALES TRIED FOR MURDER.

The Youthful Indian Listens to Much Condemning Testimony.

The trial of Eulalio Gonzales for the murder of Antone Silva on a ranch near Livermore which was to have been heard by Judge Ellsworth, was today transferred to Judge Hall's Court and called for hearing. It is charged that Gonzales, who is a young Indian, of some twenty years, upon being insulted by the murdered man, beat him over the head with a club until he was dead. The prosecution claims a strong case.

The jury was impanelled with few challenges and consists of the following: W. W. Morrison, C. R. Barrett, C. T. Gunn, W. F. Carroll, W. C. Slattery, Peter Thompson, Thomas Bridge, H. A. Peterson, W. F. Batchelder, K. M. Hayden, M. R. Bunkhead, and N. M. Fay.

The first witness called to the stand was Dr. Cope who attended Silva immediately after he was injured. He stated that the wound was to his belief caused by some blunt instrument and was the efficient cause of the man's death.

H. M. Moralez was next called and by means of a interpreter he offered some startling testimony. He declared that he was near at hand when the crime was committed and that he saw the defendant deliver the second blow upon the dying man. He further stated that the defendant shouted: "Let the nigger die," and that he confessed his crime to him, believing he had just ground for killing him.

The prosecution rested its case this afternoon after presenting the testimony of S. H. Buteau, John Matroni and L. M. Leyster. Their testimony purported to prove that the defendant maliciously killed Silva with no other cause than a trivial insult. That he not only killed the man with a club, but prevented any one from caring for his wounds. That he pulled a woman away from the dying man as she was about to administer to his wants tearing a large piece from her dress in so doing. This piece of cloth was introduced in evidence.

The defense is fighting a case of self-defense. It alleges that the defendant was threatened by the deceased, who said he would kill Gonzales if he did not stop showing attention to Louisa, who was loved by both men. The defendant was first placed upon the stand and testified that he met the deceased at his own house and asked where Louisa was. The woman just then appeared and conversed in a friendly manner with the defendant, whereupon Silva became enraged and accused Gonzales of intimacy with her, and threatened to kill him. A fight followed which resulted in the death of Silva as many times described. He further stated that he did not want to fight Silva, and tried to avoid a fight, but was compelled to defend himself.

MORTUARY.

Jonathan D. Thompson, aged 75 years, a native of New York, died last evening at his home at Oak avenue and Orange street. The funeral will be held tomorrow from his late residence. The interment will be in Mountain View Cemetery.

The funeral of Jackson Deering, the clothier, who committed suicide Sunday night, will take place tmorrow.

William Brackman died last night at his home, 1529 Twenty-fourth avenue. The deceased was 75 years old and had been a resident of the city forty-five years.

Theresa Maria Jacquelmin, who died in San Francisco March 2d, was buried today in St. Mary's Cemetery.

The remains of George C. Benson, who died in this city March 7th, were taken to San Francisco today for burial.

Judge Ellsworth Much Better.

Judge Ellsworth who has been confined to his home for the past week with an attack of the grip, is much better today and will be able to be out in a few days.

Delger Out of Danger.

Frederick Delger, who has been dangerously ill for some time is now out of danger and gradually improving. It is merely a matter of time before he will be able to be around again.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Sarah Phillips, deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, executor of the will of Sarah Phillips, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within ten months after the first publication of this notice, to the said executor, at the office of B. McFadden, Esq., attorney at law, No. 906 Broadway, Oakland, Cal., which said office the undersigned selects as his place of business in all matters connected with the estate of Sarah Phillips, deceased.

BENJAMIN J. PHILLIPS,
Executor of the will of Sarah Phillips, deceased.

Dated, Oakland, March 1st, 1898.

LEGAL.

ADJUDICATION OF INSOLVENCY

In the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California.

In the matter of Sam Rubel, insolvent debtor.

Sam Rubel having filed in this Court his petition, schedule and inventory in insolvency, by which it appears that he is an insolvent debtor, the said Sam Rubel is hereby declared to be insolvent.

The Sheriff of the county of Alameda is hereby directed to take possession of all the estate, real and personal, of the said insolvent debtor, except such as may be by law exempt from execution, and of all his deeds, vouchers, books of account and papers, and to keep the same safely until the appointment of an assignee herein.

All persons are forbidden to pay any debts to the said insolvent debtor, or to deliver any property belonging to said insolvent debtor to him, or to any person, firm or corporation, or association for his use.

The said debtor is hereby forbidden to transfer or deliver any property, until the further order of this Court, except as herein ordered.

It is further ordered, that all the creditors of said debtor whose claims shall have been placed on file in the office of the Clerk of this Court at least two days prior to the 16th day of March, 1898, be and appear before the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California, in open Court, at the Court-room of said Court, Department No. 2, in the county of Alameda, on the said 16th day of March, 1898, at 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, to prove their debts and choose an assignee of the estate of said debtor.

It is further ordered, that this order be published in Oakland Tribune, a newspaper of general circulation, published in the county of Alameda, as often as the said newspaper is printed before the said day set for the meeting of creditors.

And it is further ordered, that, in the meantime, all proceedings against the said insolvent debtor be stayed.

Dated March 7, 1898.

F. B. OGDEN,
Judge of the Superior Court.

Endorsed: Filed Mch 7, 1898. Frank C. Jordan, County Clerk; by F. D. Adams, Deputy Clerk.

T. F. GARRITY, Att'y for Insolvent, 855 Broadway, Oakland.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

In the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California.

No. 14,373.

A. C. HENRY, Plaintiff,
vs.
WILLIAM J. LAYMANCE, JOHN AXTILL, FRANK H. BROOKS, H. G. COWING, MARY A. MALINE, MARY DORAN, S. M. GREEN and W. S. GREEN, her Husband, P. E. BOWLES, EDMUND J. SHATTUCK, D. SAMUELS, L. A. STEPHENSON, E. J. APPLEBY, JOHN DOE and JANE DEN, Defendants.

Notice of Commissioner's sale of real estate on foreclosure of mortgage.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue and in pursuance of the decree of foreclosure and order of sale, issued out of the Superior Court in and for the county of Alameda, State of California, on the eighteenth day of February, A. D. 1898, in the above entitled action, wherein A. C. Henry, the above named plaintiff, obtained a judgment and decree of foreclosure and sale against William J. Laymance, John Axtill, Frank H. Brooks, H. G. Cowing, Mary A. Maline, Mary Doran, S. M. Green and W. S. Green, her husband, P. E. Bowles, Edmund J. Shattuck, D. Samuels, L. A. Stephenson, E. J. Appleby, John Doe and Jane Den, defendants, and which said judgment adjudged among other things that there was due to plaintiff the principal sum of two thousand eight hundred and five ($2,805) dollars on the note and mortgage mentioned in the complaint, together with one thousand and ninety-one and seventy-eight hundredths ($1,091.78) dollars interest thereon, besides taxes paid by mortgagee, counsel fees and costs of suit amounting in all to the sum of four thousand one hundred and seventy-one and eleven hundredths ($4,171.11) dollars, all in United States gold coin; which said judgment and decree was, on the twenty-fourth day of February, A. D. 1898, recorded in Judgment Book 33 of said Court, at page 267, I am commanded to sell all that real property situate in the township of Brooklyn, county of Alameda, State of California, described as follows, to-wit: Lot 17 in block 2; lots 13, 14 and 16 in block 3; lots 18 and 19 in block 6; lots 4, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 14, 18, 19, 20, 21 and 22 in block 7; lot 6 in block 9; lots 19 and 20 in block 10; lots 7, 8, 18, 19 and 20 in block 11; lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18 and 19 in block 12; lots 5, 18, 19 and 22 in block 13; lot 16 in block 20, and lots 2 and 3 in block 8, all as the same are laid down and delineated in that "Map of the Warner Tract, Brooklyn Township, Alameda County, 1891, surveyed by George L. Nusbaumer, County Surveyor," filed October 12th, 1891, in the office of the County Recorder of Alameda county, together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining.

Public notice is hereby given that on

FRIDAY, THE 25TH DAY OF MARCH, A. D. 1898,

At 12 o'clock M. of that day, in front of the Broadway entrance of the Court House of the county of Alameda, in the city of Oakland, I will, in obedience to said decree and judgment, sell the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment, with interest and costs and counsel fees, as aforesaid, to the highest bidder, for gold coin of the United States.

Dated Oakland, Cal., March 1st, 1898.

H. B. BELDEN,
A Commissioner appointed by said Superior Court.

Notice to Creditors.

In the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California.

No. 5,551. Dept. 4.

In the matter of the estate of Harriet S. Little, deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Harriet S. Little, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice, to said administrator, at his office, room 1005 Claus Spreckels building, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate, in the city and county of San Francisco, State of California.

Dated, February 14th, 1898.

HENRY W. SPALDING,
Administrator of the estate of Harriet S. Little, deceased.

F. F. PRESTON, Attorney for Administrator.

A Place for Gentlemen Who Like Good Good Liquor

GALINDO HOTEL BAR

BOUQUET & FRAME

EIGHTH ST., bet. Broadway & Franklin

LEGAL.

School Bonds for Sale

By order of the Board of Supervisors of Alameda county, California, passed and adopted at a regular meeting of said Board, held in said county of Alameda on the 14th day of February, 1898, sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Treasurer of said county, in the city of Oakland, county of Alameda, State of California, until 12 o'clock noon of the 26th day of March, 1898, for the purchase of school bonds of the denomination of one thousand dollars each of Fruitvale School District of said Alameda county. Said bonds were issued by said Board of Supervisors under and in accordance with the provisions of sections 1880 to 1888, both inclusive, of the Political Code of the State of California, and in conformity with an order of said Board of Supervisors passed on the 14th day of February, 1898, and bear interest at the rate of five per cent per annum until paid. Interest payable on the 14th day of February of each year, out of and from the building fund of said school district, upon presentation and surrender to the Treasurer of said county of the interest coupons.

Said bonds are to be numbered consecutively one to fifteen inclusive, and are to mature as follows, to-wit:

Bond number one six years from date.
Bond number two seven years from date.
Bond number three eight years from date.
Bond number four nine years from date.
Bond number five ten years from date.
Bond number six eleven years from date.
Bond number seven twelve years from date.
Bond number eight thirteen years from date.
Bond number nine fourteen years from date.
Bond number ten fifteen years from date.
Bond number eleven sixteen years from date.
Bond number twelve seventeen years from date.
Bond number thirteen eighteen years from date.
Bond number fourteen nineteen years from date.
Bond number fifteen twenty years from date.

Bids will be received for one or any larger number of said bonds up to fifteen. All bids must be equal in amount to the par value of the bonds bid for, and accompanied by a cash deposit, certified check or draft, upon a satisfactory bank doing business either in Oakland or San Francisco, Cal., in the sum of at least ten per cent of the amount of the bid, payable to the Treasurer of the said county of Alameda. The said check or deposit will be returned in case of rejection of bid, and will be forfeited to said Board of Trustees if the bidder neglects to pay for the bonds he bids for within ten days after the receipt of notice of acceptance of the bid. Upon the opening of said proposals said bonds will be sold to the highest and best bidder for cash in U. S. gold coin, subject to the above provision. Proposals for the purchase of said bonds will be opened at the said office of the Treasurer of said county of Alameda, by the Board of Trustees of said Fruitvale School District, at one minute past twelve o'clock noon of the 26th day of March, 1898, at which time said bonds will be sold to the highest and best bidder therefor for cash in U. S. gold coin, subject to the above provisions.

All proposals or bids are to be addressed to the "Board of Trustees of Fruitvale School District, care C. M. Sanford, Treasurer of Alameda county, Oakland, Cal.," and endorsed "Proposals for Bonds of Fruitvale School District."

E. E. HUNT,
ROBT. B. BAIN,
FRANK HARROLD,
Trustees Fruitvale School District, Alameda County, Cal.

March 5, 1898.

NOTICE.

State and County Taxes for the Year 1897.

STATE AND COUNTY TAXES FOR the year 1897.

To all taxpayers in the county of Alameda, State of California.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Tax Collector of the county of Alameda, State of California, is in receipt of the assessment book of said county of Alameda, and that in accordance with the provisions of Section 3716 of the Political Code of the State of California.

Notice is hereby given that the assessment book for State and county taxes for the year 1897, on all property within the county of Alameda, has been received by me, and that the taxes as shown by said assessment book are now due and payable at my office in the Court House of said county of Alameda, in the city of Oakland, county of Alameda, State of California, every day (except legal holidays) during office hours, after the second Monday in October, 1897, and as follows:

The taxes on all personal property secured by real property, and one-half of the taxes on all real property in the said county of Alameda, will be due and payable on the

SECOND MONDAY IN OCTOBER IN THE YEAR 1897.

At my office in the Court House of said Alameda county, situated in the city of Oakland, in said county, every day (not a legal holiday) during office hours as fixed by law, and will be delinquent on the

LAST MONDAY IN NOVEMBER, 1897.

At 6 o'clock P. M. of said day, and that unless paid prior thereto, fifteen per cent will be added to the amount thereof, and that if said one-half be not paid before the last Monday in April, 1898, five per cent will be added thereto.

And notice is further given that the remaining one-half of the taxes on all real property in said Alameda county for the year 1897 will be payable to the undersigned, Tax Collector of said Alameda county, as aforesaid, at the office of the Tax Collector, as aforesaid, on and after the first Monday in January, 1898, and will be delinquent on the

LAST MONDAY IN APRIL, 1898.

At 6 o'clock P. M. of said day, and that unless paid prior thereto, five per cent will be added to the amount thereof.

Notice is hereby further given that all taxes may be paid at the time the first installment, as herein provided, is due and payable.

And notice is hereby further given that in accordance with said Section 3746 of the Political Code of the State of California, and after the second Monday in October, 1897, all the taxes, whether first or second installment, before delinquency thereof, or, if delinquent, together with the percentage added thereto as is above set forth, may be paid to me at my office, as aforesaid, at any time during business hours as aforesaid, and after said

SECOND MONDAY IN OCTOBER, 1897.

And upon such full payment being made, full receipts for the taxes, both first and second installments, will be given in accordance with law.

Dated at Oakland, California, this 11th day of October, 1897.

JAMES B. BARBER,
Tax Collector of the county of Alameda State of California.

BOOK on stomach troubles sent free to any person addressing the STUART CO., Marshall, Mich., manufacturers of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. Every form of Stomach weakness FREE

LEGAL.

Notice of Executor's Sale of Real Estate at Private Sale.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order of the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California, made on the 26th day of February, 1898, in the matter of the estate of Dolly S. Webster, deceased, the undersigned, the executor of the last will and testament of said deceased, will sell at private sale, at the law office of Welles Whitmore, room 38, fifth floor, Mills building, northeast corner of Bush and Montgomery streets, San Francisco, California, on or after Saturday, the 19th day of March, 1898, to the highest bidder, for cash, gold coin of the United States, subject to confirmation by said Superior Court, all the right, title, interest and estate of the said decedent at the time of her death, and also all the right, title, interest and estate which her estate has acquired by operation of law or otherwise, in addition to that of said decedent at the time of her death, of, in or to the following described property, to-wit:

(1) All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the city of Oakland, county of Alameda, State of California, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at a point on the northerly line of Brown or Thirty-fourth street, distant thereon three hundred and twenty-eight (328) feet and eight (8) inches easterly from the easterly line of San Pablo avenue; running thence easterly along said line of Brown or Thirty-fourth street forty-eight (48) feet; thence at right angles northerly one hundred and forty (140) feet eight and one-half (8½) inches; thence westerly forty-eight (48) feet; and thence southerly one hundred and forty (140) feet and five (5) inches to point of commencement. Being a portion of lot No. eleven (11) in the Cotter tract, as designated upon Survey Number 545 by T. J. Arnold, City Engineer, which said survey is of record in the Recorder's office of said county of Alameda.

(2) All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the city of Oakland, county of Alameda, State of California, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at a point of intersection of the northeasterly line of East Seventeenth street (formerly Harrison street) with the southeasterly line of Ninth avenue (formerly Clay street); and running thence southeasterly along said line of East Seventeenth street thirty-six (36) feet and six (6) inches; thence northeasterly parallel with Ninth avenue one hundred (100) feet; thence southeasterly parallel with East Seventeenth street ninety-one (91) feet and six (6) inches; thence northeasterly parallel with Ninth avenue fifty (50) feet; thence northwesterly parallel with East Seventeenth street one hundred and twenty-eight (128) feet to the southeasterly line of Ninth avenue; thence southwesterly along said last named line one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the place of beginning; being a portion of block number ninety-five (95) as delineated and so designated on Higley's Map of Clinton, of record in Liber "B" of Deeds, on page 537, in the County Recorder's office of said county of Alameda.

(3) All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the city of Oakland, county of Alameda, State of California, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at a point on the northeasterly line of East Seventeenth street (formerly Harrison street) distant thereon southeasterly from the southeasterly line of Tenth avenue (formerly Taylor street) one hundred and fifty (150) feet; and running thence southeasterly along said line of East Seventeenth street fifty (50); thence northeasterly parallel with Tenth avenue one hundred (100) feet; thence northwesterly parallel with East Seventeenth street fifty (50) feet; thence southwesterly parallel with Tenth avenue one hundred (100) feet to place of beginning; being the front 100 feet each of lots numbered 5, 6, 7 and 8 in block 91, as delineated on Higley's Map of Clinton (now a part of the city of Oakland), of record in Liber "B" of Deeds, on page 537, in the County Recorder's office of said county of Alameda.

(4) All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the city of Oakland, county of Alameda, State of California, and being lots numbers 19 and 20 in block 56, as per Map of James B. Larue's Addition to the Town of Clinton and San Antonio (now a part of the city of Oakland), of record in the Recorder's office of said county of Alameda, and the same is now a part and portion of the estate of Dolly S. Webster, deceased.

Also all the personal property of said estate remaining in the hands of said executor undisposed of, consisting of 25 shares of the capital stock of the California Cotton Mills; and one old buggy.

Bids will be received and considered for all of or any of said tracts of land.

Deed will be at the expense of the purchaser.

Dated February 28th, 1898.

J. H. SUMNER,
Executor of the last will and testament of Dolly S. Webster, deceased.

Notice to Contractors.

Office of the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, Alameda county, California, Oakland, Feb. 28, 1898.

Sealed bids will be received by the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of Alameda county, at his office in the Hall of Records, until Monday, March 21st, 1898, at 11 o'clock A. M. (the day when said bids will be opened and the contract awarded) for the grading of county road No. 819 in Pleasanton Road District, from a point thereon where the line dividing plots Nos. 43 and 48 of the Rancho El Valle de San Jose intersects the center line of said road, in a southerly direction, a distance of 5,045 feet to where said road passes under the track of the Central Pacific Railroad.

Plans and specifications for this work are on file in the office of said Board, to which bidders are hereby referred.

The proposals or bids will be opened by said Board, in open session thereof, on Monday, March 21st, 1898, at 11 o'clock A. M. of said day, and the contract awarded for grading county road No. 819 in Pleasanton Road District from a point thereon where the line dividing plots Nos. 43 and 48 of the Rancho El Valle de San Jose intersects the center line of said road in a southerly direction a distance of 5,045 feet to where said road passes under the track of the Central Pacific Railroad.

Each bid must be accompanied by a check for at least ten per cent of the amount of the bid or proposal, certified to by some responsible bank and made payable to Frank C. Jordan, Clerk of the Board, to be forfeited to the county of Alameda as agreed and liquidated damages, should the party or parties fail to enter into the contract after the award or to give the bond required by the Board for the faithful performance of the contract. The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

(Seal) FRANK C. JORDAN,
Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of the County of Alameda, California.

Dated Feb. 28, 1898.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Edward Soland, deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Edward Soland, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within four (4) months after the first publication of this notice, to the said administrator, at the office of Wm. H. Knight, No. 1118 Broadway, Oakland, Cal., which said office the undersigned selects as his place of business in all matters connected with said estate of Edward Soland, deceased.

WM. H. KNIGHT,
Administrator of the estate of Edward Soland, deceased.

Dated Oakland, February 21, 1898.

LEGAL.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

Pursuant to the order of the Superior Court of Alameda county, California, Department 4, of date June 26th, 1894, in the matter of the estate of Jason A. Rose, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that I, the undersigned executor of the will of said decedent, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday, the 12th day of March, 1898, at eleven o'clock A. M., at the front door of the Court House of Alameda county, in the city of Oakland, in said county and State.

All the right, title and interest of the estate of said Jason A. Rose, deceased, in and to all that real property situate in Murray township, county of Alameda, State of California, described as follows:

1st. Being a portion of plot No. 4 of the Rancho El Valle de San Jose, and beginning on the south line of said plot No. 4 at a point distant thereon 12.77 chains easterly from the southwesterly corner of said plot, running thence along said south line S. 89 deg. 22 min. E. 79.05 chains; thence N. 16 min. E. 20.20 chains to the southeast corner of land of A. J. Silver; thence N. 89 deg 30 min. W. 15.13 chains; thence N. 72 deg. 40 min. W. along the center of an avenue 74.15 chains to the west line of said plot No. 4; thence along said west line S. 18 deg. W. 18.32 chains and S 22 min. E. 11.10 chains; thence leaving said west line S. 44 deg. E. 18.49 chains to the place of beginning, containing about 258.90 acres.

2nd. Beginning at a point on the easterly line of Main street in the town of Pleasanton distant thereon 100 feet six inches north from the north line of Neal street; thence northerly along said line of Main street 150 feet 9 inches; thence easterly parallel with Division street 248 feet 5 inches; thence at a right angle southerly 150 feet; thence at a right angle westerly 260.78 feet to the place of beginning, being lots 2, 3 and 4, the south 100 feet of lots 7 and 8 and the north 50 feet of lots 9 and 10 in block A, as shown on a map entitled "Map of the Town of Pleasanton, Alameda Co., Cal., Surveyed for Joshua A. Neal Dec. 1, 1869, Revised from Survey of 1868," filed in the Recorder's office of Alameda county Feb. 24th, 1870, and recorded in Liber 5 of Maps, page 35.

3rd. The southerly 100 feet of lots 9 and 10 in block "A" in said town of Pleasanton, as shown on said map.

The interest of said estate in said real property to be sold hereunder is only the right of redemption from a sale under foreclosure in an action begun in the Superior Court of Alameda county, entitled The German Savings and Loan Society vs. L. C. Morehouse, executor, etc., No. 13,504. The sale under the decree in said action took place January 29th, 1898, at which sale the first parcel above described sold for $16,500, the second parcel sold for $4,800 and the third parcel sold for $1,000.

The purchaser under this probate sale, to make his title complete, must redeem from the foreclosure sale by payment of the sums as above set forth, with interest at one per cent per month from January 29th, 1898.

Terms of sale, 10 per cent of the sum bid at the sale and balance on confirmation of sale by the Court.

L. C. MOREHOUSE,
Executor of the will of J. A. Rose, deceased.

NYE & KINSELL, Attorneys for Executor, 861 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

ASSESSOR'S Notice to Taxpayers!

ALSO POLL TAX NOTICE.

Oakland, March 7th, 1898.

All Persons, Firms, Companies, Corporations and Associations are required to deliver at the Assessor's office, at the Court House, City of Oakland, County of Alameda, on or before March 21st, 1898, a statement under oath, of all the property, both real and personal, owned or claimed by him, her or them, or in their possession or held in trust for others, at 12 o'clock meridian on the

First Monday of March, 1898,

In accordance with Sec. 3629, Political Code.

Every person who refuses or neglects to furnish the statement as provided for in Section 3629, Political Code, becomes liable to a fine of one hundred dollars and the value fixed by the Assessor on their property must not be reduced by the Board of Equalization.

All persons owning real estate that has been assessed in the wrong name or errors have appeared on their tax bills, are requested to call at the Assessor's office or notify the Assessor by mail on or before March 21st, 1898, so that the proper corrections may be made on the assessment roll for the year 1898.

Assessment blanks may be obtained at the Assessor's office, room one, Court House, or from any Deputy Assessor.

Poll Tax Must Be Paid on Demand.

Notice is hereby given that the State Poll Tax of two dollars for the year 1898 is now due and payable at my office, Room one, Court House, or to a Deputy Assessor.

Sec. 3839 of the Political Code reads as follows:

Every male inhabitant of the State over twenty-one and under sixty years of age, except paupers, insane persons and Indians, must annually pay a Poll Tax of two dollars, provided the same be paid between the

First Monday in March and the First Monday in July,

then it shall be three dollars.

Sec. 3846 of the Political Code makes it the duty of the Assessor to "demand Poll Tax of every person liable therefor, and on the neglect or refusal of such person to pay, he must collect by seizure and sale of any personal property owned by such person."

Under Sections 429 to 435 every person who refuses to give his own name or the name of any person in his employ, or who in any manner obstructs the Assessor or any of his deputies in the collection of the State Poll Tax, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and liable to a fine of $500 or imprisonment in the County Jail, or both such fine and imprisonment.

Only those persons under twenty-one or over sixty years of age are exempt. Poll tax must be paid on demand.

HENRY P. DALTON,
Assessor of Alameda County.

Oakland, California.

Order to Show Cause.

In the Superior Court of the county of Alameda.

In the matter of F. W. Corder, an insolvent debtor.

Upon reading and filing the amended petition of Jas. P. Taylor, Kullman, Salz & Co. (a corporation), N. P. Peterson & Co. (a copartnership), Henry Cowell & Co. and Wm. Storm, and good cause appearing therefor;

It is ordered that F. W. Corder be and appear before this Court, at the Courtroom thereof, in Department 2, county of Alameda, on the 25th day of April, 1898, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, then and there to show cause, if any he can, why he should not be adjudged an insolvent debtor, and a surrender of his estate be made for the benefit of his creditors in the manner required by insolvent debtors.

And it is further ordered, that until the further order of this Court the said F. W. Corder be and he is hereby forbidden to transfer any property, and is enjoined from collecting or receiving any debts, and the debtors of the said F. W. Corder are hereby forbidden to pay any debt to said F. W. Corder, or to deliver to him any property belonging to him, or to any person, firm or corporation for his use.

Dated Jan. 20th, 1898.

W. E. GREENE,
Judge of the Superior Court.

BREARTY & WHITE, Att'ys for Creditors

BROSNAHAN TELLS HOW HE WAS INSULTED.

Says He Merely Gave the Lobby What It Sent.

He Failed to Receive the Due Protection From the Chair.

FINE OF TWENTY DOLLARS PAID.

The Attendance at the Council Limited to Those Who Found Seats.

The chamber of the City Council was filled again last evening by people who desired to watch the proceedings attending the passage of the water ordinance, and a number of other interesting subjects, which, it was expected, would come up before the meeting.

The throng, however, was not so dense as it was at the last two meetings. This fact was due to the determination of President Pringle to limit the number of auditors approximately to the seating capacity of the room. With this end in view, Chief Lloyd of the police force was consulted, and as a consequence there was early in attendance a force of officers, whose duty it was to allow no persons within the lobby save those who could find seats. A little leeway was allowed, however, and as a consequence a few people pushed beyond the threshold into the main aisle. Others found their way into the bar of the Council, while the committee room on the west side of the chamber, and the office of the Superintendent of Streets on the East, were thronged with citizens who are either well known in the community or are in the employ of the municipality.

Chief of Police Lloyd was supplemented by Captain Wilson, Sergeant Peterson and Officer Curtles within the bar, while Officers Woods and Andrews stood at the entrance at the end of the main aisle.

The Council chamber filled early, and the overflow extended through all the corridors of the building out upon the steps and on to the esplanade in front of the building. It was not a noisy crowd, however, and no demonstration was made when the members of the local legislature took their seats for the work of the evening.

The people outside the Council chamber and inside the building were under the surveillance of Sergeant Morrison and Officers Schroeder, Kyle, Keefe and Sherry, while outside the building a number of officers in citizens' clothes were ready to act as the occasion required.

The meeting was called to order by Chairman Pringle at 8:15 o'clock. After he had rapped for silence the presiding officer said:

"The manner in which the last two meetings were held was a disgrace to the members of this Council and to the city. I want it understood that on no account are we to have any disturbance here tonight. The members of the Council are here to attend to the affairs of the city, and consequently they are entitled to perform the duties of their office. No member is to be rebuked or applauded by any person in the lobby, and the first man in the lobby found applauding or hissing tonight will be put out. To prevent any breach of decorum, I shall appoint the Chief of Police and the policemen who are present as sergeants-at-arms to maintain order."

As Mr. Pringle closed his remarks, he looked significantly at Chief of Police Lloyd. The Chief signalized his acceptance of the trust. He was within the bar of the Council at the time, and immediately issued orders to his subordinates, who were within as also without the Council chamber.

Councilman Brosnahan then arose and said:

"Before we go any further, I'll erase my name from the delinquent list."

He then stepped up to the desk of the Clerk and threw upon the ridge in front of that official a piece of gold, which gave forth a rich sound as it struck the woodwork. The metal rang a second time as the coin dropped on the level surface in front of the scribe.

"Twenty dollars!" exclaimed some person in the lobby. The Clerk picked up the piece of money and found it to be a $20 gold piece. He intimated as much to President Pringle, and then passed the money over to Deputy City Clerk Holland.

The money deposited by Mr. Brosnahan was in payment of two fines of $10 each inflicted by the chairman of the Council at the last meeting because of the manner in which Mr. Brosnahan addressed the lobby, which had given him offense.

"I want to say," continued Mr. Brosnahan, "that at the last meeting, while I was addressing the President of this Council, a gentleman in the lobby, who I supposed was a respectable citizen, called me a ——————, and then the Chair told me to sit down. I supposed they were law abiding citizens, and when I talked back to the lobby I was fined by the Chair. Now, a Councilman has no protection under such circumstances, unless he gets it from the Chair. I lost control of myself when that treatment was given me, and I now say the President himself it was who violated the ordinance under which I was fined."

Clerk Tompkins then read the rule No. 13 of the City Council, bearing upon the question raised by Mr. Brosnahan, which runs as follows:

"Rule 13—The President, during the sessions of the Council, shall preserve order, and may cause any person guilty of disorderly or contemptuous conduct to be summarily removed from the Council chamber.

"Any member of the Council who, during the sessions of the Council shall refuse to submit to the decisions or rulings of the President (the right of appeal being reserved), or who, during the sessions of the Council, shall use insulting or disrespectful language to another, or shall be guilty of tumultuous or offensive conduct, shall be called to order by the President, and, if after being called to order he shall still refuse to obey or shall in any manner persist, he shall be deemed guilty of contempt of the Council, and shall be summarily fined by an order of the President entered upon the minutes of the Council, not exceeding forty dollars for each offense.

"The member offending may at once appeal to the Council from the order imposing the fine, and such appeal shall be considered immediately and without debate, and if the order be not reversed by the vote of the majority of the members present, the members so fined shall not be permitted to take any part in the proceedings of the Council until such fine or fines shall be paid to the Clerk of the Council or shall be remitted by the President or by a vote of a majority of the Council. The President may call upon any peace officer of the city of Oakland to enforce an order for the removal of any person guilty of disorderly or contemptuous conduct under this rule, and it shall be the duty of such officer to enforce the order."

"That rule," continued Mr. Brosnahan, "says that a Councilman shall not take part in any proceeding of the Council, after a fine has been imposed. Now, I can show from the minutes of the Clerk that I took part in four proceedings afterward.

"It is somewhat strange to me that in the discussion which took place at the preceding meetings of the Council the President did not impose a fine. It's all right to have the lobby hurl epithets at the Council, but a Councilman has no right to turn back on them unless they give him the chance.

"In regard to the other nine members of the Council, I have a great deal of respect for them and I wish to apologize, but with regard to the President of this Council, I have no apology to offer."

There was some applause as Mr. Brosnahan finished, but it was promptly checked.

Clerk Tompkins then read the minutes of several preceding meetings, which occupied the attention of the Council and lobby until nearly 10 o'clock.

There was some anxiety noted in the audience during the reading of the tedious data, and when the Clerk had ceased there was noticeable a restlessness in the auditory. The crowd in the main doorway was gradually advancing up the aisle and from the throng behind it came audible expressions which interfered with the reading by the Clerk.

President Pringle stopped the reading and said:

"We shall have to have that hallway cleared before we proceed any further in this business."

Chief Lloyd acted on the suggestion, and immediately himself, Sergeant Peterson, Captain Wilson and Officers Woods and Andrews braced themselves against the crowd and succeeded in shoving them back to the door. There, however, the crowd remained, and when Chief Lloyd re-entered the bar he looked as if the effect of the physical effort against the crowd had been more than he had bargained for.

President Pringle said that the crowd still stood in the doorway. The Chief said something in reply, which was not audible, whereupon President Pringle remarked:

"Well, we'll have to keep quiet here if we proceed. There will have to be less noise."

When at length the minutes had been read, Mr. Pringle instructed the Clerk to see that the name of Mr. Brosnahan did not appear in connection with any ordinance in the report of the last meeting after the fines above referred to had been imposed on him.

The business of the Council was then proceeded with, no interruption being experienced until about 10:30 o'clock, when some noise, occasioned mainly by the shuffling of feet in the hallway took place. The officers again united, and drove all who could not find seats, as also those who stood in the hallway and on the stairs, from the building.

When at length the Council adjourned, there was still quite a large number of people standing outside. The members of the Council, however, made their way through the throng without molestation, save with regard to Mr. Woodward. He started to walk through the plaza, and was followed by a number of loungers. At the corner of the plaza and Fifteenth street, however, the crowd was turned back by Captain Wilson and several officers, and Councilman Woodward was enabled to return to his home without further molestation.

New Baseball League.

The Pacific States Baseball League will consist of six clubs this season, including the Reliance. A meeting of the managers of the League was held last night and was attended by Fred Bushnell and J. W. Coffroth of this city.

M. J. KELLER COMPANY

The Final Mark Down in Neckwear

2 for 25c

Today we will offer a collection of various lines of first-class Neckwear—not old goods by any means—that we want disposed of to make way for the *spring* stock that is daily arriving.

There are Four-in-hands, Tecks, Club Ties and Band Bows in handsome silk and satin effects.

These are the regular 25c and 50c goods—we will close them all out at

2 for 25c

1105-1109 BROADWAY.

JOHANN HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT

MRS. KENDAL. SAYS: IT IS THE BEST NUTRITIVE TONIC.

MELBA. SAYS: I USE IT WITH MY DAILY DIET.

CALVE. SAYS: MAKES ME WITHSTAND NERVOUS STRAIN.

SARAH BERNHARDT. SAYS: I APPRECIATE THE GOOD RESULTS OBTAINED.

MAKES FLESH AND BLOOD.

FROM MATRIMONY TO ALIMONY.

Minnie Lee Tires of a Convict Husband and Is Released.

She Is Granted Twenty-Five Dollars Monthly to Support Herself.

Minnie E. Lee has secured a divorce from her husband, John Lee, who is serving a twenty years' imprisonment in Folsom Penitentiary. She was granted $25 per month alimony. Lee claims heirship to the fortune of the late Schiaparo Pietro, a wealthy Ventura rancher, who left a heritage of large proportion, and out of this he will be readily able to pay the $3,000 that will be due at the time of his release.

Lee met Minnie several years ago in this city, and at that time he was known as John Bisbee. The couple were soon wedded, so that the girl had no chance to learn the real character of her husband. When this was divulged and brought to her ears, the woman was greatly shocked. She was later informed that Lee had already served a term in San Quentin for an infamous crime. A child was born to the young wife, and at this crucial period Lee deserted her. She heard indirectly from her husband, and later learned of his claim to the Pietro estate. Lee made public his claims to the estate in Los Angeles, declaring that he was a natural son of a rich Venturan, and that he would contest the will of his late father. But before he could perfect his plans he was landed in jail, and in due time committed to the penitentiary.

Attorneys Gibson and Wolner, in behalf of Mrs. Lee, have made arrangements to protect her interests in case the contest of the Pietro will is successful.

LOST A WILL THAT MEANT WEALTH.

Andrew Kraugh Searches Dead Letter Offices for the Document.

Andrew Kraugh of Castro Valley may lose a valuable estate if he cannot find a lost letter. A man named Christiansen recently died in Stockton and left a fortune of $150,000 to Kraugh's father who had cared for him for many years. The will was sent by mail to Judge Baldwin of Stockton who later forwarded it to Christiansen but it missed its destination. Christiansen died and so did Kraugh Sr.

Now, the son is striving for the fortune and has instituted a search in dead letter offices for the will for Christiansen's Danish relatives are also claiming the estate.

Oakland Harbor Work.

Robert T. Devlin, who, with J. M. Gleaves of Redding and J. A. Buell of Stockton has been in Washington, D. C., in the interest of legislation for the San Joaquin and Sacramento rivers and their tributaries, has returned and say that the River and Harbor Bill will be passed at either this session of Congress or the session beginning in December. Several of the large items that have hitherto gone into the River and Harbor Bill are this year in the Sundry Civil Bill, which provides among other things for the continuance of work at Oakland and San Pedro harbors.

Lost His Way Home.

George S. Evans, a University student, was lost in the fog Saturday night and spent the night trying to reach Oakland from his starting point in Berkeley. He headed unwittingly for Fruitvale and wandered all night in the vicinity of Redwood Canyon and elsewhere.

ALAMEDA NEWS.

ALAMEDA, March 8.—Andrew Bangs, a dairyman, has sworn out a warrant for the arrest of T. H. Kearney a rival dairyman who in a dispute, attempted to brain his business rival with an ax. Bangs threw up his arm and caught the blow on the wrist. The ax severed an artery.

Arthur Gale, a young man of 19, employed as a clerk in an Oakland store, has received tidings that by the death of an uncle at Toronto, Canada, he is heir to $35,000.

Carpenters who are building a residence on Webster street and Santa Clara avenue believe the house is a hoodoo, as four men have been seriously injured while at work and two have sustained painful falls and bruises.

ESCAPES FROM SCHOOL TO WED HER LOVER.

Helena Dahl of Haywards Throws Whittier in a Turmoil.

Helena Dahl, a pretty Haywards girl who was sent to Whittier Reform School by her parents in order to prevent her marriage with a young man named John E. Griffin, also of Haywards, escaped from the institution several days ago and married her lover who had followed her to the South. The honeymoon was rudely broken, however, by officers who took the girl back to the school. As she will be 18 in a month, it is probable that her parents will withdraw their opposition and allow the girl to return to her husband.

Loans on Pianos

At lowest rates; advances made on furniture and pianos in Oakland or Alameda, with or without removal; no commission; deal direct; no delays; J. Noonan, 1017 to 1023 Mission street, above Sixth, San Francisco. Telephone south 14.

Green Trading Stamps Are Legal

WILL BE CIRCULATED AND HONORED AS FREELY AS BEFORE.

JUDGE ALLEN'S DECISION:

City Justice Allen declares the Oakland Ordinance, drawn to prevent use of stamps, void, as in restraint of the rights of each merchant, and violative of their constitutional rights and privileges.

Superior Court Decision, San Francisco.

Judges Wallace, Cook and Dunn, sitting in bank, decided last Friday in the Superior Court of San Francisco, that Trading Stamps were legal.

DOES THIS NOW SATISFY ALL CONCERNED THAT WE ARE RIGHT?

4 Months Ago We opened our show rooms in this city, San Francisco and Sacramento. This week we open at San Jose and Portland, and so the work goes on

Over **1000 Homes** in this city have now elegant furniture and household articles obtained through saving green trading stamps. We have stood the insults and misrepresentations of many; we have been denounced by those who know nothing about our system, and attacked by those to whom we would not pay hush money; in fact, no man who has used trading stamps has said one word against them, but over 100 merchants have joined during the past thirty days.

STRONG as the ROCK OF GIBRALTAR AND HERE TO STAY!

Many a home has been made brighter, many a corner more cosy, many a purse made longer, many a wife has obtained a pleasing article to prove her economy. Many a husband can recline in one of our rockers, weary after a hard day's toil; he knows that

TRADING STAMPS DID PROVE A BENEFIT

COLLECT GREEN TRADING STAMPS.

CALL AT OUR CLEARING HOUSE— 1157 WASHINGTON ST. and Inspect our Large Line of Beautiful and and Useul Articles.

OAKLAND TRADING STAMP CO.